

WEATHER

Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday. Probably local thundershowers Thursday.

VOL. XXVIII—NO. 126

GEN. J. I. METTS AGAIN ELECTED COMMANDER OF STATE VETERANS

Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, is Named as Honorary Commander Emeritus.

NEXT REUNION IN DURHAM

Parade of Veterans and Other Organizations This Morning to be Closing Event.

SOUVENIR BALL LAST NIGHT

Cordial Welcome Extended Visitors at Opening Session.

With their enthusiasm for the cause that they know was right, still undaunted by the passing years, and with the spirit of tender devotion to the principles for which they fought on many battlefields still holding sway in their souls, more than 400 brave Confederate veterans of North Carolina met again in annual reunion in Wilmington yesterday and pledged anew their allegiance to a reunited country, while yet remaining "unreconstructed" in their loyalty to the faith that was bred into their souls in the stirring days of the Sixties.

Given Cordial Welcome. Welcomed in truly hospitable style by Cape Fear Camp, U. C. V., and the citizens of the city in the patriotic words of Isaac C. Wright, Esq., of Wilmington, who spoke for all the city, the veterans expressed their appreciation not only by vociferous applause in which the "Rebel Yell" had a prominent place but by their general demeanor which showed that they were enjoying themselves immensely, although the elements were not kind and a heavy downpour of rain for a part of the day did not make it altogether pleasant at times.

Gen. James I. Metts, of Wilmington, who has served very ably as the popular commander of the North Carolina Division during the past year, was unanimously re-elected for another year at the business session yesterday afternoon, and Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, who served so efficiently for ten years as commander in chief of the Division, was unanimously elected honorary State Commander emeritus for the remainder of his life. Col. A. H. Boyden, of Salisbury, was unanimously elected as Brigadier General of the First Brigade to succeed the late Gen. P. C. Carlton, of Statesville, who passed away only six weeks ago and in honor of whose memory resolutions of tribute were adopted. The other Brigadier Generals were re-elected as follows: Gen. R. H. Ricks, of Rocky Mount; Gen. W. L. London, of Pittsboro; and Gen. James M. Ray, of Asheville.

The cordial invitation of Durham through her Chamber of Commerce to hold the next State reunion in that city was accepted. Maj. J. W. Hamilton, of that city, extended the invitation, presenting as a strong reason for its acceptance that it was to be a wise and conservative policy for the veterans to hold the reunion in that city, and that the resolutions of appreciation were adopted thanking Gen. R. H. Ricks for the donation of \$25,000 to provide for the writing of the history of North Carolina's part in the War Between the States, which is now being written by Dr. D. H. Hill, of Raleigh.

Do Not Want War.

On motion of Col. H. A. London, of Pittsboro, adjutant general and chief of staff to General Metts, the veterans unanimously pledged their support to the United States in the event of war while at the same time expressing appreciation of the fact that a wise and conservative policy has so far averted a conflict. The resolutions follow: "Resolved, That the Confederate Veterans of North Carolina take pleasure in expressing their high and wise appreciation of the wise and conservative policy of the government of the United States in thus far averting and avoiding a war with Mexico and any of the warring nations of Europe. That if our country should become involved in any such war, that we pledge our earnest support in its vigorous and successful prosecution of the same by the soldiers and sailors of our re-united country, and only regret that the infirmities of age would prevent our active participation in the same."

Souvenir Dance Given.

One of the pleasing social events in connection with the reunion was the souvenir dance given by the Tidewater Power Company last evening at Lilliana at Wrightsville Beach, complimentary to the veterans. The veterans were taken down to the beach in special cars at 7 o'clock and were welcomed upon their arrival by Daughters of the Confederacy. In the receiving line were the officers of the State Chapter, U. D. C., the matron of honor, sponsor and maids of honor, officers of the Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C. The spacious pavilion was elaborately decorated with the Stars and Bars, Confederate battle flags and the North Carolina State flag.

The dances were those that were in vogue 50 years ago and there were more than 400 who took part in the grand march which was led by General James I. Metts and Mrs. P. L. Huggins, matron of honor for the State Division. General Julian S. Carr and Mrs. Carr (Continued on Page Six.)

BRITISH DRIVE IS AT A STANDSTILL

With Positions Completely Occupied Forces Are Apparently Resting for a While.

SUCCESS FOR THE FRENCH

Russians Keeping Up Pressure Against Teutons in the Volhynia Sector—Berlin and Petrograd Reports Conflict.

With the village of Pozieres completely and apparently securely in their hands, and having strengthened their position here by the capture of two strong trenches west of the village, the British troops seemingly are resting before attempting again to throw their forces against the Germans who are blocking their advance toward Bapaume, Wednesday saw only isolated artillery duels, and here and there sharp infantry attacks along the entire British front in France, where for several weeks sanguinary encounters had been engaged in almost continuously.

French Score Gains. South of the Somme the French have recorded another success in the taking of a fortified house with some prisoners southeast of the village of Estrées. Except in the Champagne, where the artillery of both sides was engaged in somewhat violent actions little fighting took place on the remainder of the French front.

In the Volhynia sector the Russians are keeping up energetically their pressure on the Teutonic allies in the Slobodka river region, and also are attacking the Teutons in north Galicia near Brody. In the Slobodka district Petrograd says the Teutons are suffering heavy casualties, and that more than 4,000 men, five guns, six machine guns and quantities of munitions have been captured by the Russians.

Reports at Variance. The Petrograd and Berlin communications are at variance concerning the results of fighting that has taken place near Riga and in the vicinity of Baranovich. Petrograd claims the repulse of an offensive by Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's men, near Riga, while Berlin asserts that the Germans penetrated Russian advanced positions there and destroyed them. Likewise, Petrograd claims a slight gain for the Russians near Baranovich while Berlin declares that strong Russian attacks in this vicinity were put down with heavy casualties by the Germans.

Turks Evacuate Erzingan. The Turks have evacuated Erzingan in Turkish Armenia, and Russians are in possession of this important strategic point. The reports of the evacuation have not mentioned as yet whether (Continued on Page Twelve.)

TO PROTEST AGAINST BRITISH BLACK-LIST

American Note Will be Forwarded Within a Few Days.

Principles Involved Will be Discussed—Issue Expected to Also be Taken With France, Russia and Italy Later.

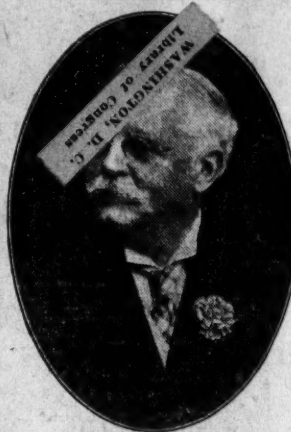
Washington, July 26.—President Wilson and State Department officials practically have completed preparation of a protest against the promulgation of a black-list of American firms under the British trading with the enemy act. It was said today that the communication would be sent to London in the near future, probably within the next few days. It will discuss the principles involved and will not interfere with the continuance of informal discussions between representatives of the two governments over the cases of individual firms included in the black-list.

When the principles involved are taken up with the British government it is expected issue also will be taken with France, Russia and Italy. The Allied view of the legal aspects of the black-list order which probably will be the basis of the parliamentary statement to be issued soon in London, and be incorporated in the reply to the American protest, is understood to be as follows:

The Allies agreed to enforce international law against their enemies and upon all their subjects without distinction. The continental rule applied by Germany, France, Italy and Russia, interprets the word "enemy" as a person of enemy origin or interest. English and American precedents put the emphasis on domicile. Consequently, British subjects have considered they could trade with any enemy firm domiciled in a neutral country.

A withdrawal of the list, it is contended, would have the effect of casting suspicion upon transactions with all firms with German names which are acting entirely in neutral interest, and whose profits are accruing to neutrals. (Continued on Page Twelve.)

HONORED BY VETERANS



General Julian S. Carr, of Durham, who was for ten years the popular and beloved commander of the North Carolina Division of Confederate Veterans, was unanimously elected honorary Emeritus State Commander at the reunion in Wilmington yesterday. North Carolina has no more popular veteran today than General Carr, who is never more happy than on the occasion of the annual reunions. He told the "boys" yesterday that it would be the one great pleasure of his life to greet them in Durham at their next reunion.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

Is Provided for in Action Taken by State General Relief Committee in Meeting.

AT LEAST \$50,000 NEEDED

Definite Appropriations Made for Aid of Localities in Most Urgent Need—About \$10,000 Already in Hand Reported.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—Governor Craig's general state committee for the relief of Western Carolina flood sufferers this afternoon made definite appropriations for immediate relief work in the various counties that report need for outside help and appointed John Sprunt Hill, Durham; A. M. Scales, Greensboro, and Dr. B. W. Kilgore, Raleigh, a special committee to visit the flood-swept sections, make personal investigations and report as to later aid that they deem deserving.

Also, the committee appointed a special committee, of which J. W. Bailey, Raleigh, is chairman, expressing gratification at the liberal response the people have already made to the call for contributions and insisting that much more is badly needed and can be expended among deserving sufferers.

The general committee meeting was held in the executive offices of Governor Craig, while the governor was speeding toward Raleigh from Asheville to take personal charge of the general relief work. The committee provided for a central committee of five, with the governor as chairman, to act for the general committee in the relief work in interims of general committee meetings, which are to be held at the call of the governor and the chairman. The governor is to appoint this central committee.

The governor was further authorized to designate any other persons in addition to J. Sprunt Hill, A. M. Scales, and Dr. Kilgore to inspect and report on needs in any localities or section. The expenses of these investigators are to be provided for by order of the general committee.

E. H. Crow was made treasurer of the general committee, and Sanford Martin, of Winston-Salem, was made secretary, and statements by the chairman and treasurer showed about \$10,000 already in hand and probably as much again assured for immediate relief.

\$50,000 to \$60,000 Needed. The view was expressed that fully fifty or sixty thousand dollars will be needed if permanent relief and aid for rehabilitation, especially of farm tenants and others of the poorer sufferers, is to be undertaken. The \$10,000 in hand does not include \$1,600 that President Young, of the Norfolk Southern Railway, wired Director E. C. Duncan, while the latter was in the committee meeting, that the president and directors will donate.

A resolution by James H. Poy, that was adopted by a vote of four to five, provides that \$3,000 be placed at the disposal of the Winston-Salem and local committees for immediate relief in the Elkin section. The opposition to this was because other sections were not included, but they proceeded in the Elkin section. (Continued on Page Two.)

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at 10 A. M.

Senator Kern gave notice of caucus decision to consider Child Labor bill before adjournment.

Resumed debate on Army Appropriation bill.

Recessed at 6:32 P. M. until 10 A. M. Thursday.

HOUSE

Not in session. Metts Thursday.

CROPS IN EASTERN CAROLINA DAMAGED

Lowlands Flooded and Cape Fear, Neuse and Other Rivers Continue Rising.

RAINS MAY HAVE PASSED

Railroads and Other Property Damage Thus Far Very Slight—Farm Operations at a Standstill in Many Counties.

(Special Star Telegram.) Kinston, N. C., July 26.—Swollen streams tributary to Neuse river, both east and west of here, are helping to flood the valley of the main stream. Water is pouring into the Neuse from the lowland creeks and runs faster than it can escape at the mouth, reports say, while the overflow from up-State threatens to make itself felt in this section momentarily. Heavy freshets that will put the river over its banks at the highest points in this vicinity are looked for in the next few hours.

Railroad traffic is nearer normal in this part of the State today. The break on the Norfolk Southern at Havelock having been repaired, trains over the Beaufort-Goldsboro line are running on schedule. A large force of men was today repairing a trestle near Grimesland which went down yesterday with eight cars of a freight train.

Farming operations have practically been suspended for six days. Cotton has been damaged considerably, but tobacco, it is reported, fared better. The crop still in the fields has suffered some apparently, but may recover. Fair weather tonight seems more in prospect than at any time, with cessation of rain and skies clearing. Road work in progress in the section has been halted since Saturday, and much construction left in an unfinished state must be done over. It will cost the counties bordering on the Neuse in the east several thousand dollars to replace bridges destroyed. Swamps have expanded into lakes in some of the coast counties. The rainfall in the past eight weeks has been almost 16 inches.

There is little fear, in Kinston, of any danger to life or property in the city from the threatening flood opposite here, which the local weather observer this evening said would probably result from the flood waters coming down the Neuse. The prospect of dry weather, Kinston, is on higher ground than the most of the surrounding country, and in the 1903 flood, when water rose to second story windows of houses across the river, the city was dry.

ROCKY MOUNT RAISES MORE

THAN \$1,000 FOR THE FUND

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 26.—Having placed \$1,050 in the hands of the committee appointed by Governor Craig, Rocky Mount's citizens are still subscribing to the fund for the relief of the flood sufferers in Western North Carolina. This money has been placed at the immediate disposal of the committee and Lieut. Governor E. L. (Continued on Page Seven.)

SOUTH GETS \$1,438,059 OF FEDERAL ROAD FUND

Of This Amount North Carolina Will Receive \$114,381.

Total of \$75,000,000 Provided for the Improvement of the Roads of the Country During the Next Five Years.

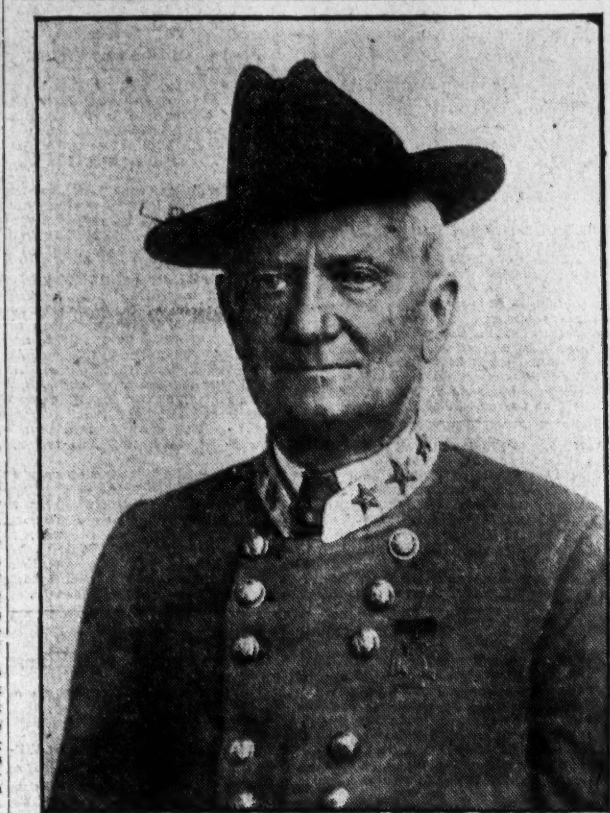
Washington, July 26.—The 13 Southern states will receive a total of \$1,438,059 of the \$50,000,000 Federal road fund made available for this fiscal year under the new Federal Aid Road Act, approved this month. The Department of Agriculture announcement today showed that Texas received the largest allotment of any state in the Union.

The apportionment to the Southern states follows: Texas, \$291,937; Oklahoma, \$115,139; North Carolina, \$114,381; Georgia, \$114,329; Tennessee, \$114,153; Alabama, \$104,143; Virginia, \$99,660; Kentucky, \$97,471; Mississippi, \$88,906; Arkansas, \$82,649; South Carolina, \$71,807; Louisiana, \$67,474; Florida, \$55,976.

These funds are made available contingent upon the states spending an equal amount on road construction and are apportioned on a basis of one-third in the ratio of area, one-third in the ratio of population and one-third in the ratio of mileage of rural delivery routes and star routes.

Under the Federal act a total of \$75,000,000 for the improvement of state roads is made available during the next five years, the appropriation for 1915 being \$10,000,000; for 1916, \$15,000,000; for 1917, \$20,000,000; and for 1918, \$25,000,000. As the states must supply an equal amount each year, a total of \$150,000,000 will be spent on state roads during the five-year period. Future apportionments of the Federal fund among the states will be made on the same basis as that of this year's fund.

RE-ELECTED STATE COMMANDER OF THE VETERANS.



General James I. Metts, of Wilmington, who was unanimously re-elected yesterday at the State reunion heretofore commander of the North Carolina Division of Confederate Veterans, is an "unreconstructed rebel" and has for years been prominent in the affairs of the State Division. General Metts was given a most enthusiastic welcome at the meetings yesterday.

SUBMARINE DEUTSCHLAND IS GIVEN CLEARANCE AND MAY LEAVE AT ANY HOUR

Captain Koenig, Whose Plans Are Surrounded by Secrecy, Says the Exact Time of His Departure is Indefinite—Vessel's Engines Are Tested Time and Again—Tug Timmons Last Night Apparently Getting Up Full Steam.

Baltimore, July 26.—Carl A. Leuderitz, German consul here, said late tonight that the merchant submarine Deutschland would not leave for a week. When asked why her departure was further delayed after clearance papers had been taken out, the consul would vouchsafe no explanation.

Mr. Leuderitz also announced the postponement of a garden party that was to have been held at his suburban home tonight. This was owing to the inability of Ambassador von Bernstorff to be present, he said.

Baltimore, July 26.—The German submarine liner Deutschland today was cleared by her commander, Captain Paul Koenig, for "Bremen or any other port in Germany." Any hour now the vessel may start down Chesapeake Bay, prepared to make a dash for the open sea through the Virginia Capes and the guard of Allied warships off the three-mile limit.

Secrecy surrounds the plans of Captain Koenig, and that clearance papers are at the custom house he said, in reply to questions asked for the benefit of the Maryland Pilots' Association, that the exact time of his departure was indefinite. Tonight he had made no arrangements for a pilot, but he can secure one any time he desires.

Cargo of General Merchandise. Agents of the submarine sea freighter announced this afternoon that she was ready for the return voyage to Germany and that clearance papers would be secured later in the day. This information was conveyed to the custom house and the office of the clearance clerk was kept open for Captain Koenig, who arrived shortly before 4 o'clock with Captain Hirsch, of the North German Lloyd liner Neckar. After the usual formalities, the commander of the submarine requested that his manifest, which he had filed, be withheld from publication "for a reasonable time."

Collector of the Port Ryan communicated with the Treasury Department at Washington and then informed Captain Koenig that his request would be granted. Consequently the cargo was described officially as being composed of general merchandise.

On his way from the building the little captain tarried long enough to shake hands with several officials who wished him a safe voyage.

"We certainly are with you," said one of his well-wishers patting him on the shoulder. Captain Koenig smiled broadly, nodded his head and said: "I thank you," and then continued on his way to the pier, where the Deutschland has been tied up for more than two weeks. Tug Timmons Under Steam. The tug Thomas E. Timmons, which met the Deutschland off the Virginia Capes upon her arrival, and which has been constantly near her ever since, pulled away from the pier late today and went to a nearby coal pier, where she filled her bunkers. Directly afterwards she returned to the Deutschland's pier and some hours later it was apparent that she was maintaining a full head of steam in her boilers.

12 Pages Today ONE SECTION

U. S. WARSHIPS ON NEUTRALITY DUTY OFF CAPE HENRY

Cruiser North Carolina and Three Destroyers Ordered There by Navy Department.

WATCH BRITISH WARSHIPS

Report on Visit of Foreign Warship to Territorial Waters Received from Norfolk.

Washington, July 26.—Aroused by an official report from the commander of the battleship Louisiana that a mysterious ship purporting to be a British cruiser had entered the Virginia capes early yesterday morning, the Navy Department today ordered the armored cruiser North Carolina and three destroyers to neutrality duty off Cape Henry.

Officials maintained unusual secrecy regarding the matter and would not disclose just what instructions were sent to the commander of the North Carolina. It was assumed, however, that he had been directed to see that the German merchant submarine Deutschland, now preparing for her return trip to Germany, is not attacked by allied war vessels within the three-mile limit and that American neutrality is not otherwise violated.

Admiral McLean's Report.

Secretary Daniels made public the following extract from the report submitted by Rear Admiral McLean, commanding the Norfolk navy yard: "The commanding officer of the Louisiana reports that about 2:30 a. m., the 25th, when he was at anchor in Lynnhaven bay and using his searchlight and signal lights, and otherwise indicating that he was a man-of-war, he was passed by a vessel that was barely discernible excepting for two man-of-war lights displayed aft."

"As this vessel passed the Louisiana she made the signal which read 'English cruiser.' The vessel was then standing apparently up the channel toward Hampton Roads. The lights disappeared very soon after the signal was made and nothing further was seen of her, though the Louisiana kept a bright lookout for her."

Admiral McLean has asked for a more complete statement.

Navigation Rules Broken.

Unofficially navy officers agreed that if the ship sighted from the Louisiana was a British cruiser, the commander of the vessel had been guilty of a breach of naval practice and had violated navigation laws in cruising within American territorial waters without proper lights. While it was conceded that the cruiser was within her rights in entering territorial waters, it was declared an attempt to run in the bay on a scouting expedition and in disregard of navigation laws, would constitute a gross violation of international courtesy.

Since the name of the craft is not known and since she apparently returned to sea after a brief inspection of the vessel, the principle involved in the incident is not known. It was in whatever course the Washington government may pursue. A violation of navigation laws cannot be held against an unidentified ship.

The man-of-war lights referred to in the admiral's report are two white lights hoisted on the main mast which are the recognized symbol of a warship at night, the world over. Navigation laws require, however, that red and green port and starboard lights must be displayed by all vessels in motion, so that other craft may determine their course and avoid accidents. The report indicates that the cruiser did not obey that rule.

Prevent Neutrality Violations.

The report was submitted to the State Department as a matter of information. Whether it will be made the subject of complaint to the British government is not known. It was clearly indicated tonight, however, that adequate precautions would be taken by naval vessels on neutrality duty to see that the visit was not repeated unless with proper formalities and that British or French war vessels which might be lying off the capes waiting for the German merchant submarine to pass out on her return journey did not violate American neutrality.

The North Carolina has aboard a number of navy aeroplanes and together with the destroyers will go through flying practice while waiting for possible neutrality violations.

Secretary Daniels' announcement of the detail said the cruiser had been (Continued From Page One.)

EXPECTING THE BREMEN TO PUT IN AT BEAUFORT, N. C.

Beaufort, N. C., July 26.—At least one cruiser of the Allied powers was believed to be standing off Beaufort Inlet tonight in an attempt to prevent the entrance of the German submarine merchantman Bremen, now due at an American port after a voyage similar to that made by her sister ship, the Deutschland.

The keeper of the Fort Macon coast guard station reported tonight that a strange warship was in sight off the Inlet throughout the afternoon. The vessel, according to the keeper, cruised back and forth about ten miles at sea until just before dark, when it disappeared. The cruiser's movements it was indicated that it was keeping close watch on the Inlet. It was rumored today that the Bremen would arrive here tonight.

POZIERES VILLAGE TAKEN BY BRITISH

Is the Last of Four Strong Points
to Which Germans Attached
Much Importance.

RUSSIANS TAKE ERZINGAN

Csar's Forces Under General Sakharoff
Capture 4,000 Prisoners on the
Slovenka River on the East-
ern Front.

London, July 26.—The capture of Pozieres by the British on the western front, the taking of Erzincan in Armenia, by the Russians and the capture by the Csar's forces under General Sakharoff, of 4,000 prisoners on the Slovenka river in the eastern fighting, are features of today's war news.

The British secretary for war, David Lloyd-George, in a published statement tonight, shows the importance of the Germans attached to the retention of Pozieres by quoting from a German divisional order issued in Contalmaison on July 11, as follows:

"Furthermore, the conversion of villages into strong points is of the greatest importance. Such villages are Pozieres, Contalmaison and the two, Bezanthe and Longueval."

Secretary Lloyd-George points out that with the capture of Pozieres the last of these villages has fallen into the Allies' hands. He further points out that today's German claim of the repulse of an attack on Trones wood must be a clerical error as Trones wood has been in British possession since July 14.

The opinion of the military critics in London is that no positions so strong as the British are successfully attacking will be found between Pozieres and Bapaume. Otherwise, they argue, the Germans would not have risked bringing troops and guns from the Verdun sector to defend Pozieres and it is inferred from indications in the official dispatches that the British are already beginning to establish themselves on both sides of the road from Pozieres to Bapaume.

As to the western front, the Germans and Austrians appear unable to make a successful stand anywhere against the victorious Russian forces. General Sakharoff's recent success has brought him within about 12 miles of Brody, which guards the approaches to Lemberg, and places Von Bothmer's army in danger.

The unexpectedly swift fall of Erzincan leads to the supposition here that the Turks must have removed the guns from the defenses of this time to assist the armies in the field, not anticipating such a rapid Russian advance in such a different country.

The Italian front attracts little public interest, but the Italians have recently been making good progress in the Dolomites region.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

(Continued From Page One.)
Immediately, through further motions by Pou and others, to provide \$500 each for any other of ten or more counties that are believed to have suffered disaster from the floods.

It was ordered that \$1,000 be placed at the disposal of Judge M. H. Justice for relief in the Rutherford and Bat Cave section. Burke county was ordered to have \$500 sent to R. T. Claywell, to be expended through proper channels. A like sum was ordered out for Caldwell county, to be expended by Caldwell county, if necessary. J. W. Pless to be advised of the appropriation. Caldwell, Catawba and other counties that are understood to be asking no aid were provided for in the event it turns out there is need for outside aid; also \$500 each to Alexander and Watauga, for immediate relief.

Letters and telegrams that have been gathered by the committee thus far are very general as to needs, and deal with no definite cases of need. James H. Pou and others expressed the view that the damage and suffering have been very much exaggerated, agreeing, however, that there is need for \$50,000 or more.

As to Type of Aid Needed.
There was wide difference of opinion as to the type of aid needed. A. M. Seales, Nathan O'Berry, John Sprunt Hill and others of the committee believed that present suffering is being cared for by local committees, and that the work of the general committee should be to provide for intelligent and systematic relief in re-establishing tenants and providing work for those found to be in need. Mr. Seales wanted to provide funds for reconstructing highways and give the work to those who are suffering, provisions and implements and the like for tenants who have lost all. James H. Pou, J. W. Bailey and others insisted that immediate aid as represented in the apportionment provided was necessary and expected by those contributing the funds. This view prevailed, and the general committee is working harmoniously for speedy aid wherever needed.

SOUTHERN IS GRADUALLY RESTORING TRAIN SERVICE

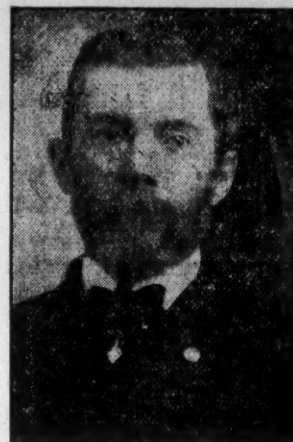
Columbia, S. C., July 26.—Resumption of service on the Southern Railway between Columbia and Spartanburg, Columbia and Greenville, and Kingville and Camden, S. C., is expected tomorrow, according to announcement here late today by railroad officials. It was said service of one train each way per day was started today between Asheville and Tuxedo, N. C., and Asheville and Black Mountain, N. C.

Because of rains in the North Carolina mountains, officials said that reopening of the lines between Melrose, N. C., and Saluda, N. C., would be delayed probably until Saturday. Seaboard Air Line officials today reported a washout between McLee and Middendorf, S. C., causing suspension of traffic between Florence, S. C., and Hamlet, N. C. It was expected that the break will be repaired late today.

GENERAL RELIEF FUND FOR FLOOD SUFFERERS NOW \$133,511.15

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—The general relief fund for Western North Carolina flood sufferers, which was started through the efforts of the State relief committee, and which was reported today by the Governor's office, the chairman, Edward E. Britton,

RESPONDS TO WELCOME IN BEHALF OF VETERANS



Col. H. A. London, of Pittsboro, adjutant general and chief of staff of the State Division of Confederate Veterans, for two score years the able and scholarly editor of the Chatham Record, is well known in Wilmington, where he has frequently visited. He has long been prominent in the affairs of the State Division and it was very fitting that he was chosen to respond to the gracious welcome extended to the visiting veterans by Isaac C. Wright, Esq., in behalf of the people of Wilmington.

of Raleigh, and his conduct of the campaign was approved. The committee directed that \$3,000 be sent at once to the Winston-Salem local committee for distribution for immediate needs in Yadkin, Wilkes, Ashe, Allegheny and Davis; \$1,000 to Rutherford; \$500 each to Alexander, Burke, Surry and McDowell; \$5,000 in all.

A committee of three was sent to investigate conditions in the storm area.

ANSON COUNTY HAS LOST 21 BRIDGES WITHIN TWO WEEKS

(Special Correspondence.)
Wadesboro, N. C., July 26.—As a result of the very heavy rains here yesterday, two more bridges have been swept away. These were over streams on the Camden road, leading from Wadesboro to Chesterfield. This makes a total of twenty-one bridges lost to the county during the past two weeks.

ENERGETIC MEASURES FOR RELIEF OF FLOOD SUFFERERS

Washington, July 26.—Congressional representatives from the flooded districts in the South took energetic measures today for relief for the thousands of victims of the disaster. Following a conference of the Alabama delegation to press a bill for supplies for sufferers in that state and the recent introduction of almost a dozen measures proposing relief in various ways, a meeting of the House Military committee was called for next Friday, for the purpose of taking action.

Chairman Hay and other members of the committee are disposed to accord whatever relief seems imperative in each of the devastated states. The purpose is to hear Friday the representatives of Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and any other state seeking relief on account of the flood and if action is shown to be imperative, report relief for each state separately.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL BECAUSE OF THE DEATH OF YOUNG GIRL

State's Attorney Charges Attempt at
Illegal Operation.

Olney, Ill., July 26.—An explanation of the circumstances to which are attributed the death of Miss Elizabeth Radcliffe near here late Friday night was given today by H. G. Morris, state's attorney. Because of the girl's death Roy Hentler is awaiting action by the November grand jury. He was held without bail after the verdict of the coroner's jury yesterday.

The death of Miss Radcliffe, it is claimed by the state's attorney, was due to a bungling attempt to perform an illegal operation. Air bubbles, it is claimed, entered the circulatory system of the young girl and when they reached the heart or brain, death must have resulted.

Stating that the autopsy showed that the girl was in a delicate condition, the prosecutor added:

"There were no exterior marks of violence. Three experienced nurses found all organs perfectly normal."

SCOUT WITH PERSHING'S ARMY ADMITS HE IS GUY HARTMAN

Is Wanted in Connection With "Moonshine" Whiskey Cases.

Columbus, N. M., July 26.—Guy Hartman, wanted by Federal authorities in Fort Smith, Ark., in connection with alleged "moonshine" whiskey frauds, and who has been serving as a scout in Mexico with General Pershing's forces, under the name of Guy Johnson, today admitted his identity and said he was anxious to waive extradition and return for trial, according to army officials.

Hartman, it was said, told a story of a year's suffering from mental torture through constant fear of detection. In telling it he revealed, however, that although a fugitive from justice, his patriotism was greater than his fear, and as a result he offered his services to General Pershing. Army officers assert that Hartman has been one of the most valuable scouts attached to the expeditionary force.

RESTRICTIONS OF THE OFFER MAY AGAIN DEFEAT EFFORT

Washington, July 26.—Great Britain in granting conditional permission for importation of food into Poland, has surrounded her concession with restrictions, which, it is feared here, will again defeat the effort being made by the United States to get relief supplies to the starving Polish people.

Although according to the suggestion that food be permitted to pass through the British lines under guarantee that its distribution would be supervised by a neutral commission, the British government has stipulated that in return the Austro-German forces occupying Poland must not take native food from the territory. That stipulation has been the chief stumbling block in previous negotiations on the subject.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Seven addresses by leaders were delivered at today's sessions of the International Bible Students' Association. Rev. R. M. Barber of Greenwich, N. Y., featured the program having as his subject, "The Church's Share in the Sufferings of Christ."

GLAD TO TELL OF WIFE'S RECOVERY THROUGH TANLAC

R. L. Faucett Comes Far to Ex-
press His Joy Because Wife is
Well For First Time in 18
Years.

"Tanlac has made my wife feel like a new woman. Her appetite is just splendid; she eats and digests three hearty meals a day. At nights she sleeps like a log and it takes some noise to break her slumber. She is gaining strength and I rejoice over her recovery." The speaker was R. L. Faucett.

"Gentlemen," he continued to the Tanlac Men and interested listeners, "now is the first time in 18 years that she has known what it is to feel well. And you may imagine how grateful a man feels when a change of conditions for the better finally comes. Yes, Mrs. Faucett tried many medicines in that time, but not one of them was fit for her case. Tanlac, however, chased all signs of indigestion, nervousness and others of her run-down symptoms. All the folks back home marvel at her quick change and many of the neighbors have started on Tanlac right now."

Mr. Faucett journeyed from Fugate Springs, in which town he is a prominent merchant, to Raleigh, to tell his story.

Tanlac is sold in Wilmington only at the Bellamy Drug Store, where the Tanlac Man explains its merits daily to men and women: Watson's Pharmacy, Southport; C. L. Halstead, Burgaw; N. Rhodes & Co., Rocky Point; G. W. Kirby, Supply, Bradburn Drug Co., New Bern; J. L. Southall, Magnolia. Each town has its Tanlac druggist—adv.

WILL URGE ACCEPTANCE OF SENATE NAVAL PROGRAMME

President to Confer With Members of
House Naval Committee.

Washington, July 26.—President Wilson will begin tomorrow a series of conferences with members of the House naval committee in an effort to acceptance by House conferees of the big building programme set into the Uavall bill by the Senate. It is understood he will exercise all of his influence to overcome opposition to the enormous Senate increase.

Chairman Padgett and Representatives Taubert and Batopinal, ranking majority members of the committee, were summoned today to talk over the subject with the President tomorrow morning before the House meets to re-confer. Later Mr. Wilson will see other committee members, Republicans as well as Democrats, making a personal appeal for retention of the building provisions authorized by the Senate.

Secretary Daniels made a visit to the capital during the day to see Mr. Padgett regarding the status of the measure and prospects for early action. He was assured that Democratic leaders were prepared to meet any further attempt to delay it, and would force it into conference tomorrow.

SUIT OVER POSSESSION OF DUPONT STOCK COMES TO END

T. C. DuPont Arraigned by Attorney
Glasgow in Closing Argument.

Wilmington, Del., July 26.—Closing argument for the complainants by William A. Glasgow, Jr., a Philadelphia lawyer, formerly of Roanoke, Va., brought the suit over the possession of about \$500,000 worth of DuPont Company stock to a close today. Mr. Glasgow arraigned the defendant officials of the company for acquiring the stock for themselves instead of for the benefit of the company. Fourteen million dollars was paid for the stock, which was purchased from Gen. T. C. DuPont, and which, because of war contracts, has increased in value to \$50,000,000.

Mr. Glasgow charged that Pierre S. DuPont, president of the company, "double crossed" General DuPont as well as the company. He further charged that by gifts of DuPont Securities Company stock, after he had formed the syndicate, to some of the defendant directors, President DuPont dominated the powder company directors and was able to "squeeze" dividends from the powder company to pay for the powder stock thus acquired.

NOTHING KNOWN OFFICIALLY OF DANISH WEST INDIES DEAL

News of Negotiations for Transfer of
Islands No Surprise.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., July 26.—Nothing is known here officially concerning the probable purchase of the Danish West Indies by the United States from Denmark, but the news that negotiations for the transfer of the islands have virtually been completed caused no surprise, persistent rumors of the probable transfer of the islands having been received of late.

Probably due to the reluctance of Danish capitalists to invest money for improving and maintaining the islands, conditions daily have become more unsatisfactory. St. Thomas is threatened with bankruptcy, the harbor trade, its principal support, being almost dead. St. Croix is facing a social revolution, following agitation by laborers for higher wages and better living conditions.

WANT PROVISION FOR BOARD TO ARBITRATE DIFFERENCES

For Lack of This, Garment Workers
Refused to Sign Agreement.

New York, July 26.—Refusal of the striking garment workers to ratify the agreement entered into by their leaders with the manufacturers' association was due to failure to provide for arbitration of differences by a disinterested board, it was learned tonight.

Robert W. Beiers, former city chamberlain, who has acted in an advisory capacity for the workers, said the revolt clearly demonstrated that it is impossible "to arrive at an agreement that will be fair alike to the employers and the workers and that will secure durable peace, without the intervention of a board of arbitration in which the public is adequately represented."

PROTEST AGAINST TREATMENT OF IRISH RELIEF COMMITTEE

Telegrams Sent President Wilson and
Members of Congress.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Irish sympathizers of Norfolk at a mass meeting held at a local hotel tonight adopted resolutions of protest against the treatment by Great Britain of "American Ambassadors of Charity and Relief," sent to Ireland, and sent telegrams to President Wilson and members of Congress urging that the government insist that Great Britain allow the relief committee to land and perform its duties.

The meeting was held in response to telegrams sent out by John J. Moore, national secretary of the Irish relief fund committee, urging all Irish organizations and prominent individuals to protest against the action of the British government in refusing permission to Thomas Hughes Kelly and Joseph Smith to land at Liverpool with funds raised for the relief of sufferers from the recent revolt.

NEW YORK BANKS CONSULTED BEFORE PUBLISHING LIST

London, July 26.—The foreign trade department of the foreign office declines either to confirm or deny the story printed here today to the effect that New York banks were consulted by the British officials before the black list was published.

Unofficially it is admitted that it is possible some such steps may have been taken, but the department here directly concerned has no knowledge of such an action. Steps already are being taken here by the foreign trade department to consult directly with a number of firms on the list in an effort to secure their removal. The government is anxious to expedite such inquiries and declines that no obstacles will be placed in the way of any firm desiring to prove its innocence.

It is considered probable by neutral diplomats here that the British government will make every effort to soften any bad effect the list may have had.

THIRTY-FIVE VICTIMS.

Deaths from Infantile Paralysis Fewer
Than Day Before.

New York, July 26.—Thirty-five children died from infantile paralysis and 152 new cases of the disease were reported in the five boroughs of New York City for the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock this morning, the health department bulletin indicated today. The record of deaths was lower than that of yesterday. Despite the increasing number of deaths and new cases in New York Health Commissioner Emerson declared tonight that the death rate of children is lower than it was last year. He stated the records of his department showed that 659 less infants have died so far this year in the city than in the corresponding period of 1915.

MANY AMERICAN SAILORS IN FOREIGN NATIONS ASK AID

State Department Makes Suggestion as
to Singing on Foreign Ships.

Washington, July 26.—Because of reports from consular officers all over the world that an increasing number of destitute American sailors have applied to them for aid, the State Department issued a suggestion today to all Americans signing on foreign vessels that they ascertain whether the ship's officers provide for the return to the United States. Though consuls can sometimes aid stranded sailors in obtaining passage home, usually they can be of no assistance at all, as no funds have been provided by Congress.

DEVELOPMENTS HALTED.

Word From Carranza Being Awaited
Before Continuing Discussions.

Washington, July 26.—Developments in the diplomatic discussions with the de facto government of Mexico have been at a standstill five days, awaiting a reply from Carranza to suggestions transmitted through his ambassador designate, Eliseo Arredondo. This was stated officially at the State Department today in reply to reports from Mexico City that the Mexican membership of the proposed commission to seek a solution of border difficulties had been selected.

CHEROKEE FARMER RUNS AMUCK; KILLED BY SHERIFF

Brandishes Hatchet as He Speeds His
Team Through City.

Tulsa, Okla., July 26.—After driving a team at break-neck speed through the city today, while he brandished a hatchet and screamed, Charles G. Bates was surrounded by a sheriff's posse near Ross street and killed by Sheriff James Woolley, whom he threatened with his unraised weapon. Bates was a prominent and wealthy Cherokee farmer, living at Catoosa. His wife said he had been acting queerly for several days.

Nervous, Tired Out, Liv- er Clogged and Poi- soning Nervous System?

A Wineglassful of Tollo Water Will
Start Your Liver and Quiet Your
Nerves in Half Hour

Physicians from all over the United States send nervous, run-down patients to Dawson Springs, Kentucky—the home of Tollo Water. This little-known, natural spring water, which has been learned from experience that this water cleans out the liver and aids the whole system to regain normal health and energy.

Nervous, irritable people—those who wake up in the morning with "headaches" and "all tired out"—will find a Tollo Water liver bath a great help. It will make you feel fine in less than half an hour.

Too much rich, starchy food clogs the minute bile ducts of the liver and the bile cannot flow freely into the bowels to clean out the waste matter as nature requires. This bile, seeking an outlet, backs up into the system, irritates the nerves, causes headaches, constipation, dizziness, indigestion and a general tired-out feeling.

Try Tollo Water liver bath occasionally. Get a Tollo bottle from your druggist and take about a third of a tumblerful in a glass of plain water before breakfast. In thirty minutes it will dissolve the bile that is clogged in the liver, flush the waste out of the bowels and make you feel fine. Sold by D. A. Elvington, and other Druggists.

Buy a FISK Red Top Tire

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Fisk Tires For Sale By
C. S. Burnett Vulc. Co.
Wilmington

FORECLOSURE SALE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by Matilda A. Hayden, Mary Katherine Hayden, Mary T. Hayden and John Henry Hayden to Nott F. King, dated the 14th day of February, A. D. 1914, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County in Book 74, page 424 et seq., execute for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front Court House door of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1916, at 12 o'clock M., all the right, title, interest, property and estate of the said John Henry Hayden in and to all of that lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the county of New Hanover, state of North Carolina, city of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point in the western line of Third street, 66 feet south from the intersection of said western line of Third street with the southern line of Princess street, and running thence southwardly along said western line of Third street 66 ft.; thence westwardly parallel to Princess street 165 ft.; thence eastwardly parallel to Third street 55 ft.; thence eastwardly parallel to Princess street 165 ft. to the point of beginning. The same being the eastern half of Lot 2, Block 166, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington.

At this sale, only the interest of the said John Henry Hayden will be sold, and not the interest of Matilda A. Hayden, who owns a life estate in the same; nor the interest of Mary Katherine Hayden, Mary T. Hayden, or Ellen Agnes Hayden.

Dated and posted this 7th day of July, A. D. 1916.

E. K. BRYAN, Attorney.
N. F. KING, Mortgagee.
Jy 8-10t.

Groceries, Drugs and Extracts

In a large and varied stock.
Also Field Peas at a low price.
250,000 Cypress Culls Shingles,
at \$1.25.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company

236 N. Water Street.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SPECIAL

Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging,
New Arrow Ties,
Burlap Cotton Sheets,
Texas Rust Proof Oats,
Wisconsin June Cheese,
Genuine Mason Jars, Caps and
Rubbers,
ROB ROY Flour (Best Made),
Superlative Patent Flour,
Standard Patent Flour,
Fancy Barbados Molasses,
SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats
Green Coffee, all grades.

Write For Prices Now.

McNair & Pearsall
STRICTLY WHOLESALE
Wilmington, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER ARCHITECT

87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

GIANTS ARE DEFEATED
BY CINCINNATI REDS

New York Fans Give Warm Welcome to Christy Mathewson.

Cardinals and Superbas Break Even in Double Header—Braves Defeat Cubs—Phillies and Pirates Divide Honors.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Philadelphia 7-5; Pittsburgh 1-5.
At Brooklyn 2-5; St. Louis 3-0.
At Boston 1; Chicago 0.
At New York 2; Cincinnati 4.WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at New York.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Boston.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	49	33	.598
Boston	44	35	.557
Philadelphia	45	37	.549
Chicago	45	46	.493
New York	39	43	.476
Pittsburgh	39	43	.476
St. Louis	42	49	.462
Cincinnati	37	52	.416

New York, July 26.—Despite threatening weather, the New York fans gave a warm welcome today to their former idol, Christy Mathewson, in his first local appearance as manager of the Cincinnati team and Mathewson celebrated by watching the Reds defeat New York by a score of 4 to 2. Mathewson was presented with a basket of flowers before the game.

Schneider not only pitched well for Cincinnati but made two singles off Salie and scored after each hit. Rain fell during the last three innings.

Cincinnati 002 000 110—4 9 0
New York 011 000 000—2 5 3
Schneider and Wingo; Salie, Peritt and Hariden.

Philadelphia, July 26.—Philadelphia and Pittsburgh broke even here today, the former winning the first game 7 to 1 and the visitors the second 5 to 2. In the opener the home team pounded Adams' delivery hard, while Alexander kept his opponents' hits scattered and was given excellent support. In the second game, Rixey was driven off the rubber in six innings while Miller was in the form and was accorded perfect support.

Pittsburgh 000 000 100—1 10 1
Philadelphia 210 031 000—3 14 0
Adams, Carpenter and Schmidt; Alexander and Kilmer.

Second game:
Pittsburgh 000 103 001—5 8 0
Philadelphia 000 001 001—2 5 3
Miller and Wilson; Rixey, Gieschler, Demaree and Burns.

Brooklyn, July 26.—Brooklyn broke even today with St. Louis on a muddy field, the visitors winning the first contest 3 to 2 and the league leaders taking the second 5 to 0.

While Sherrod Smith allowed St. Louis ten hits in the first game, it was a pass and three errors that enabled the Cardinals to win. Meadows held Brooklyn to three hits. Pfeffer was effective in the second game while Brooklyn knocked Williams out of the box in the fifth inning.

St. Louis 100 010 010—3 10 2
Brooklyn 010 000 100—2 3 3
Meadows and Gonzales; S. Smith and Meyers.

Second game:
St. Louis 000 000 000—0 5 3
Brooklyn 020 030 000—5 8 3
Williams, Watson and Snyder; Pfeffer and McCarty.

Boston, July 26.—The Chicago Cubs were defeated 1 to 0 by the Braves today. Vaughn held the Boston team without a hit for seven innings but in the eighth singles by Allen and Egan netted the only run. He was relieved by Prendergast in the ninth.

Chicago 000 000 000—0 2 2
Boston 000 000 010—1 2 0
Vaughn, Prendergast and Clemens; Allen, Hughes and Gowdy.

MINOR LEAGUES.

CAROLINA LEAGUE
At Raleigh 2; Charlotte 0.
At Greensboro 3; Durham 1.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE
At Newport News 1-4; Petersburg 2-1.
At Norfolk 5-3; Rocky Mount 6-5.
No other game scheduled.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At Milwaukee 5; Minneapolis 1.
At Louisville 8; Columbus 5.
At Toledo 4; Indianapolis 12.
At Kansas City 7; St. Paul 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
At Baltimore 2; Newark 11.
At Richmond 1; Providence 3.
At Toronto 2; Montreal 2.
At Rochester 6-4; Buffalo 5-3.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At Atlanta 5; Birmingham 1.
At Nashville 5; Memphis 1.
At New Orleans 2; Mobile 1.
At Chattanooga 5; Little Rock 4.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE
At Charleston 4-3; Augusta 1-0.
At Columbia 5; Jacksonville 1.
At Columbus 6; Macon 5.

MABEL TRASK WINS THE \$10,000 STAKE AT DETROIT

Detroit, Mich., July 26.—Mabel Trask, owned and driven by Walter Cox, of Dover, N. H., had little trouble winning the historic Merchants and Manufacturers \$10,000 stake for 2-86 trotters at the grand circuit meeting here this afternoon. Eight horses made the start in the first heat, but when the third was reached only four were left, Tramp Right and Sadie S, being distanced in the first and The Eno and Rustic in the second heat. The Eno fell over in the second heat but was not injured.

Winnabow, N. C., July 26.—The Winnabow ball team defeated the crack team from Bolivia Saturday by the score of 6 to 4. The feature was Dick's hitting. Batteries: For Winnabow, Dick and Willets; for Bolivia, Jones, Cox and Reid.

ATHLETICS ARE TWICE
DEFEATED BY BROWNS

Cicotte, Pitching for White Sox, Shuts Out the Yankees.

Senators, After Knocking Mitchell Out of the Box, Lose to the Tigers. Indians Lose Victory to the Red Sox.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At St. Louis 5-5; Philadelphia 0-1.
At Cleveland 2; Boston 5.
At Detroit 6; Washington 5.
At Chicago 2; New York 0.WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS	W	L	Pct.
New York	51	38	.573
Boston	50	38	.568
Cleveland	50	40	.556
Chicago	50	40	.556
Washington	47	42	.528
Detroit	45	45	.500
St. Louis	41	48	.461
Philadelphia	19	64	.229

Detroit, July 26.—Washington knocked out Mitchell in the fourth inning of today's game where five runs were scored on clean hitting, but Detroit won the contest in ten innings, 6 to 5. Johnson was not at his best. Morgan returned to the game, after a long absence, but his work was not impressive.

Washington 000 500 000—5 9 4
Detroit 210 000 020—6 10 1
Johnson and Ainsmith; Mitchell, Dubuc and McKee.

Cleveland, July 26.—Cleveland was unable to make its hits count for as much as Boston and the latter won 3 to 2. Singles by Hohlitzel and Scott produced one run in the second while Walker's single, Gardner's double, Scott's sacrifice and a wild pitch scored two more in the fifth.

Boston 010 020 000—3 9 0
Cleveland 000 101 000—2 8 0
Mays and Thomas; Beebe, Coumbe and Daly.

Chicago, July 26.—Eddie Cicotte, whose wildness forced him out of yesterday's game, shut out the Yankees with one hit today, two of Eddie Collins' three safe drives helping the Sox to a 2 to 0 victory. Just two Yankees reached first base off Cicotte. Caldwell, a pitcher, played center field for New York.

New York 000 000 000—0 1 1
Chicago 100 010 000—2 7 1
Morris and Nunamaker; Cicotte and Schalk.

St. Louis, July 26.—Philadelphia was held to one run in two games of a double-header with St. Louis here today, the locals winning the first 5 to 0 and the second 5 to 1. Philadelphia was unable to score off Wallman in the first.

Philadelphia 000 000 000—0 10 0
St. Louis 100 100 000—5 8 0
Myers and Pick; Wellman and Severeid.

Second game:
Philadelphia 000 000 100—1 6 1
St. Louis 210 020 000—5 7 3
Bush, Lanning and Carroll; Davenport and Severeid.

ASHEVILLE MAN EASILY WINS SINGLES MATCH AT AUGUSTA

Augusta, Ga., July 26.—P. H. Winston, of Asheville, N. C., considered one of the most formidable of the contestants, easily won his singles match, beat Kenneth Merry, of Augusta, winner of the Georgia Tech tournament this year. The Harper-Merry match required three sets for a decision.

Today's matches were in the second and third rounds of singles, and the first rounds of the men's doubles. Play in the women's singles was not started.

CHINA'S GREAT NEED.

A National Tongue Would Aid in Making a United People.

(Indianapolis News.)
Yuan Shi-Kai, late president of China, once expressed regret that his country had not the advantage of a unified language. He was contrasting American achievements with possibilities to be hoped for among the Chinese people. A nation bound together by a common language is more harmonious, more capable of acting in common, for offense or defense, than one which has various dialects.

The ordinary Chinese printing office uses about 6,000 characters. A complete Chinese dictionary may contain 50,000. Chinese as spoken in the remote provinces differs from the Chinese of the capital and treaty ports, and this variation, even though slight in many instances, has operated to prevent the dissemination of political thought, has been an obstruction to commerce and has hampered the natives socially. This problem, though in a less complicated form, has presented itself to many nations. It interfered with the administration of law in Assyria and Egypt. It was an intellectual problem among the Greek possessions and a political burden in Rome.

The value of a national language has been universally recognized and many periods of persecution have resulted from attempts to compel its use. The Russian government pressed the use of German on the French population of Alsace and Lorraine. In Poland the natives have been oppressed by the Russians at various times for preferring their own tongue; to too, with Finland. While it is the English tongue which knits together politically the British empire there are many local dialects. In this country we fail to appreciate the tremendous advantage which one tongue, voluntarily spoken, gives to us politically, socially, morally and commercially.

Every day until the end of the month the Polvogt Co. will have their annual Clearance Sale. (advertisement.)

Unlearning the Deutschland.
In Pathe News—"All news and a Real Long"—Bijou today. (advertisement.)

NEWS FROM ONSLOW COUNTY

Lad Thrown From Horse and Killed. Water in New River Rising. Veterans in Wilmington.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Jacksonville, N. C., July 26.—Augustus, 16-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Watson, of Swansboro, this county, was yesterday thrown from a pony on which he had been riding, and received injuries from which he died two hours later. The young lad was thrown against a brick building, and his skull fractured, besides receiving injuries on other parts of the body. His father, Mr. J. E. Watson, is a prominent merchant of Swansboro.

Over 50 Onslow Confederate Veterans are attending the Reunion being held in Wilmington this week, and reports from there are to the effect that the old soldiers are having a grand time. E. H. White, former Onslow county citizen, now a prominent cotton seed oil man, of Texas, passed through here yesterday afternoon on his way to his old home in White Oak township. Mr. White stated that conditions on the border 30 miles from which he lives, were improving wonderfully. He will spend some time here before returning to his work in Texas.

Pastor J. E. Green, of the local Baptist church, is this week holding a revival for the church at Watha. Reports are to the effect that the meetings are proving a great success.

Uneasiness now prevails among the farmers of Onslow county, who now see destruction of their crops in part if not to a major degree, should the rains of the past week continue many days longer. Already it is said there has been too much rain. The crops now are in very good shape, but unless a slackening in the rains take place, there is no doubt but that the harvest will be greatly cut down.

The water in New River is now swelling, and it is thought it may again become so high as to reach the bridges spanning it at this place. Today the water lacks only about a foot of reaching the county bridge.

Recently repairs have been made on the Atlantic Coast Line station here. New gutters being placed on the building, and new platform built.

The body of Charlie Edwards, 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Edwards, of this town, who died Saturday night at 10 o'clock, was Monday morning taken to Catherine Lake where it was interred in the family burying ground. Young Edwards was very prominent here. He had been in the employment of his brother, Mr. Tom Edwards, a merchant.

MAY SUSPEND OPERATION OF PROPOSED TARIFF ON DYES.

Senate Committee Considering Amendment of Revenue Bill.

Washington, July 26.—The Senate Finance committee is seriously considering amendment of the administration revenue bill to suspend operation of the proposed protective tariff on dye stuffs until the close of the European war. The purpose of the tariff is to build up an American dyestuff industry and it has been urged before the committee that the war by virtually cutting off imports, is providing sufficient protection for the present American dye manufacturers. The proposed revenue tax on munitions of war, was discussed again today by a sub-committee, of which Senator Stone is chairman, but no conclusions were reached. Serious opposition has developed from many sources to the proposed tax on production of copper for export, and it may be eliminated.

TWO MARRIAGES IN ROBESON

One Robeson and One Bladen Couple United Yesterday.

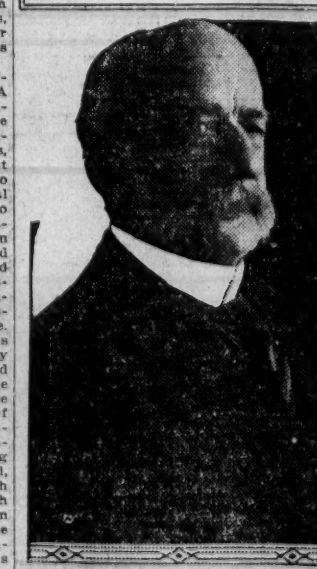
(Special Star Telegram.)
Lumberton, N. C., July 26.—Mr. Neal Archie Biggs and Miss Julia Bethes, both of Bladen, were married in the register of deeds office here tonight at 8:15, Rev. W. D. Combs officiating. A large crowd witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. J. Q. Parnell, clerk in the Lumberton postoffice, and Miss Clelia Britt, of St. Pauls, were married at the home of the bride this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Kinston, N. C., July 26.—"Dumps" Turner, brother of the famous Joe Turner, and himself a wrestler of considerable renown, may locate at Greenville. Turner has been staying lately at Kinston and New Bern. He has promised to make Greenville his home if the sporting fraternity there will support wrestling. Turner is a Tar Heel and a former A. M. star tackle.

Attend the Oceanic Hotel
Dancing contest at Lumina tomorrow night—adv.

PRESENTED SPONSORS AT THE REUNION



W. P. WOOD
Col. W. P. Wood, of Raleigh, auditor of the State of North Carolina, in presenting the sponsors, matrons of honor and maids of honor at the reunion yesterday, made a most happy speech in which he expressed the hope that there may be many reunions in the future. He is a Confederate Veteran.



Like a snack before bedtime
—they satisfy!

When you "rob the ice box," you know how you relish that last "bite" before bedtime—it does satisfy! When you smoke, Chesterfields do exactly the same thing—they satisfy!

Yet, Chesterfields are mild!

This is something entirely new to cigarettes—this combination of mildness with "satisfy!" It hasn't been done before.

This new kind of enjoyment comes to you only in Chesterfields—because no other cigarette maker can copy the Chesterfield blend!

Try Chesterfields—today!

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES
They SATISFY!
—and yet they're MILD

10 for 5c
Also packed 20 for 10c

"LITTLE ORPHANT ANNIE"

Still Alive and Has Very Vivid Memories of "Jim" Riley.
(Ladies' Home Journal.)
Many will be surprised to learn that there was a "Little Orphant Annie" in the "Orphant Annie" is now Mrs. Wesley Gray. Although not a great many miles from the post's birthplace, Greenfield, Ind., Mrs. Gray's farm is in the real, old-fashioned back country.

"It was a raw, bleak day when little 'Orphant Annie' was brought to the Riley home. She came from a primitive country settlement in a rough wagon, riding on a heavy board laid across it for a seat. . . . She recalled the happenings at the Riley home with amusement and delight.

"Jim Riley," she declared, "was the biggest tease and the meanest boy I ever seen. I used to wonder how he learnt it all; how in the world a boy only 12 years old could be so full of mischief, and such an awful tease. . . . He would draw ugly pictures of us and write mean things beneath 'em, and I tell you, he just naturally worried the life out of us. Then he would make his eyes red by rubbing them, and pretend he was sticking gun caps in them. Then he'd pull the gun caps out of his nose. You can't guess how he scared us."

"Then he had a hateful way of doing a trick that a circus man taught him with a button and a handkerchief, by folding the handkerchief around the button and then undoing it, and the button wasn't there. That made us awful curious, and we made him do it again and again, until one time he dropped it out of his sleeve."

SODA-WATER STORIES

"Meet Me at the Fountain" Seems Slogan of Magazine Editors.
(Collier's Weekly.)

Just how much of the whole truth did the New York Tribune tell in this building figure of speech?

"Let us say that the American magazine is the soda fountain of our literature; and, for the reverse, it is a pretty accurate picture to think of our magazine editors, dressed in white before a grant polished machine, drawing swiftly and dexterously vanilla love stories and frosted-chocolate love stories and occasionally even a strawberry ice cream love tale of a bold pinkishness."

And yet care does not lurk in carbonated waters; ice cream may be nourishing as well as delightful; one can meet the neighbors and get the drift of things from a perch in front of the counter where the long spoons are active. It's cool in there away from the street and the job, and experts tell us that those who like sugar in all its manifestations are not so likely to fall for alcohol. But so, as the soda did train on soda water. What else are you reading this summer?

MAKE SCHOOL THEIR HOME.

Kanans are Enthusiastic Over New Plan of Providing Teachers.
(Emporia, Kan., Correspondence.)
"We want a man and wife, two teachers," was the reply to an application for a position in Jewell county of Otto Kappelman, a senior at the Kansas Normal here. "We are building a fine cottage on the school grounds, and have bought additional ground for a garden. We want a man to work with the young men of the community and a woman to show the girls how to make rural life attractive."

Kappelman secured an option on the job while he asked a young woman of his acquaintance if she thought he might be in a position to take the work. Her advice was affirmative. The financial advantage of this plan is causing the greatest interest among normal students. Men who were contemplating quitting the teaching profession because it would not earn them a living, are taking a renewed interest in their work. They realize that where man and wife can both draw a salary and live in the country, where they can keep a few chickens, pigs and cows and so reduce the cost of living, is one of the best financial propositions open to them.

"My dream of life is about to be realized," says Gailord Smith, who is specializing in agriculture and rural education at the normal. "I can live in the cottage by my school and rent a small farm nearby, where I can demonstrate modern methods in agriculture to the school children and to the farmers of the district. I shall keep a pure bred stock of various types for study in my animal husbandry class. My wife can give instruction in domestic science and home economics to the girls and women of the district."

CLOCKS BECOMING RHEUMATIC

Expert of Pennsylvania Railroad Tells His Experience.

(From Philadelphia North American.)
The rheumatic clock has been unearthed. Its symptoms and ailments resemble those of the man whose bones ache and whose limbs refuse to perform the functions assigned to them without protesting and lagging. In order to support this declaration it is necessary to introduce Charles G. Taney, veteran clock winder and chronometer surgeon, who looks after something like 500 wall clocks which mark time in the various offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad, its subsidiary lines, its hundreds of offices, its ferryboat clocks and the big tower clock at the foot of Market street.

Taney is 67 years old, and for 30 years has had entire charge of the clock department of that system, his territory including all of this city, Camden and several suburbs. For 30 years he has been winding 500 clocks each week, doctoring them when they were sick, making new parts for them when the old ones were worn out, and otherwise keeping them up so as to save them from the scrap pile. With his little ladder and tool bag he has become a well known figure and fixture to every one of the thousands of employees of the Pennsylvania system.

"Dogsleds bombing their way back to the possession of the position they had lost."

The soldiers of Canada have bulked big for a colony in this European war. When they first appeared upon the field they were a mystery to the trained British trooper; their apparent loose



This
COLUMBIA
Grafonola

and twenty-six selections on thirteen Columbia Double-Disc Records

For \$60

This is a Grafonola that any man, of any means, may be proud to own and use for a life-time. Hearing is believing.

Green's Drug Store
Columbia Agents
109 Market St.

D. L. Gore Co.

50 bushels Mixed and Whippoorwill Cow Peas.
4 bushels White Black-Eye Peas.
A full stock of Canned goods.

500 sacks Head Rice.
100 sacks Broken Rice.
300 sacks Green Coffee.

Full stock of Drugs and Cigars usually carried by wholesale grocers.

Please Get Our Prices Before Buying.

D. L. Gore Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

MULLETS

First of the Season.

We are booking orders for shipment on arrival about July 25th.

Send Orders Promptly.

Love & Woody
WHOLESALE GROCERS
WILMINGTON, N. C.

LADIES

Does your hair wave? Do you wish it to wave?

"Silmerine"

will do the work beautifully.

YOU SKINNY PEOPLE
Do you wish to gain flesh?

"Samose"

Will fatten you. No experiment. Hundreds of Testimonials from people right here in Wilmington.

CATARRH
Parmit is a wonderful thing for Catarrh. Try it.

J. Hicks Bunting
Drug Company
The "QUALITY" DRUG STORE

See Us About Your Eyes, and We Will Save You Money.
Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for \$1.00 and up.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes
Indigestion. One package
proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Dr. Vineberg
EYES EXAMINED FREE
MASONIC TEMPLE.

Read Star Business Locals.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the
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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily
newspaper in North Carolina, is pub-
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outside the county at \$6 per year; \$3
for six months; \$1.50 for three months
or served by carrier in the city and
suburbs at 60c per month, or, when
paid in advance, \$1.00 per year; \$3.50
for six months; \$1.75 for three months.
THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year,
\$1.00; six months, 50 cents; three
months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on
application, and advertisers may rest
assured that through the columns of
this paper they may reach all Wil-
mington, Eastern Carolina and con-
tiguous territory in South Carolina.
Obituary sketches, cards of thanks,
communications expressing the cause
of a private enterprise of a political
candidate, and like matter, will be
charged at the rate of 10 cents per
line, to persons carrying a regular
account, or, if paid cash in advance,
a half rate will be allowed. An-
nouncements of fairs, festivals, balls,
hops, picnics, excursions, society
meetings, political meetings, etc., will
be charged under the same conditions,
except so much as they may be of
news value to the readers of the pa-
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tain important news, or discuss briefly
and properly subjects of real inter-
est, are not wanted, and, if acceptable
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ably be rejected, unless the real name
of the author accompanies the same,
not necessarily for publication, but as
a guarantee of good faith.

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orders and postal money orders for
the paper should be made payable and
all communications should be ad-
dressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916.

TOP OF THE MORNING.

Let men see that you are real—
consistent, that may be real—
of sin, impetuous, lusty, perhaps
stern. But compel them to feel that
you are earnest. This is the
secret of influence.

—F. W. ROBERTSON.

If the authors go on a strike it is
well to warn them against amalga-
mation with the Republican authors of
campaign prevarications.

The Weather Bureau insists upon
putting it showers, when the rain that
fell in Wilmington and vicinity Satur-
day night and Sunday was nothing
short of a deluge.

The thing which gets the goat of in-
visible government in Wall Street is
practically 100 per cent Democratic
performance against 100 per cent of
Republican pretense and hypocrisy.

When a fellow is just naturally cold
blooded you can't tell whether he is
indulging in an excess of remorse or
deliberately formulating some kind of
undermining, submerging, night rider
plot.

The Durham Herald remarks: "Politi-
cal lines are drawn pretty sharply in
this town, even if they are not party
lines." Anyhow, when either political
or party lines are drawn many a suck-
er is caught.

We will soon listen to the echo of
old time G. O. P. blarney about
protection for the working man who
knows he gets his by the organization
and strike routes instead of through
the elephant's trumpet.

The European nations are so desper-
ately fighting for what each conceives
to be its national existence that they
make severe tests of the friendship of
neutrals without the motive of hos-
tility towards the innocent by-standers.

When poets die we laud them with
our fulsome prose. The vain is our
regret, we too oft neglect them here;
Yea, how they have lived, only good-
ness gracious knows. Too, lest we for-
get them yet, we sigh beside their bier.

Delegates to the new American party
were scheduled to hold their national
convention in Minneapolis yesterday.
But three days previously they held a
secret session in a room in a hotel,
nominated the Hon. William Sulzer for
president, drew up a platform, and the
majority returned to their homes. That
is what we call expediting work.

It is generally safe to say you not to
believe more than one 'seventh part of
what "they" think, not more than one-
tenth of what "they" say, and not more
than one-half of what "they" see.
"They" are those who can make Alpine
scenery out of a potato hill and whose
fancy is such as to magnify the lumi-
nosity of a firefly into the aurora bore-
alis.

Senator Bob La Follette spoke seven
hours in opposition to the preparedness
naval bill. Of course, a phonograph
can do that well when it is wound up,
but somewhere there are male persons
mean enough to say that the Hon. Bob
would be no match for a woman who
would go right up against an eight-day
clock if she took a notion to have the
last word with it.

A while ago Republicans demanded
that the President send men to the
Mexican border to protect American
lives. They are now criticizing him
for keeping the men there. Bedads!
They seem to notice what a pacific ef-
fect it has had on the Mexicans, and
the fact is all of us can recognize the
fact that all the indications are that it
will make "watchful waiting" a com-
plete success. Republicans who have
been nursing the Mexican situation as
a political issue are about to find out
that they were only warming an adder
that will bite their chests before it
can be shaken off.

DON'T HAVE TO GROW COTTON OR TOBACCO ONLY.

What the Charlotte Observer says
about the renewed attention to peanut
growing in the piedmont reminds us
of an amusing discussion of crop di-
versification by some city men and
farmers a few days ago. It was agreed
that the farmers can grow most all
kinds of crops in Eastern North Caro-
lina, but one farmer had grown cotton
so long that he declared that, whatever
may be said about it, the farmer would
have to depend on cotton as his money
crop. He was soon convinced, how-
ever, that neither cotton nor tobacco
nor any other crop is a money crop
when it does not happen to bring
enough money to pay for producing it.
Unless there is a profit in excess of
growing any crop it is a waste of time
to grow it under the mistaken idea
that it is a money crop. However, The
Observer says, as to making peanuts
in the piedmont:

"In times past peanut growing in Ca-
harrus county has approached the
stage of a boom. Prof. J. P. Cook has
shown the farmers that it is a fine
crop for that county, but always the
temptation to continue doing homage
to King Cotton was too great. Influ-
enced by farming conditions in 1915,
however, they are giving indications of
an intention to turn to peanut culture
in earnest, from which good intention
it is to be hoped they will suffer no
relapse."

Eastern North Carolina is the ideal
peanut growing country and in some
portions of it the farmers regard it as
their only money crop. They find that
growing peanuts is more profitable
than growing either cotton or tobacco,
so that in that case it is easy to see
that any crop which brings the large-
est net profit is the money crop. If a
farmer can grow a more profitable
crop than cotton or tobacco he could
not afford to waste his time on such
"money crops" as cotton and tobacco.
However, that does not always hold
good as to peanuts, for the farmer
who grows that one crop and nothing
else gets bit about as often as the
one-crop cotton farmer or the one-crop
tobacco farmer. The farmer who raises
all three of those crops and a whole
lot of other besides is the man who
has the most money left after he pays
his expenses.

Cotton, tobacco and peanuts are
good crops, but neither is good when
only one or the other is grown to the
extent that it ceases to be profitable.
There is nothing in the assertion that
"cotton always brings ready cash," be-
cause if it costs 8 cents ready cash to
raise a pound of cotton and it brings
only 8 cents ready cash when it is sold,
the farmer only gets back the cost of
his crop. A crop of crab grass would
make him a better money crop than
that.

The truth is, it is altogether an eco-
nomic matter that states in which
there is diversified farm industry have
demonstrated in the fact that several
kinds of crops pay better than only
one kind of anything. In such a versa-
tile producing country as North Caro-
lina there is no excuse for any farmer
to lose out on any one crop as a "money
crop" when it doesn't bring him more
money than it costs him to make it. It
has been demonstrated in both Kansas
and Mississippi that growing only one
crop, whether it be wheat or cotton,
will plaster mortgages all over the
farms. Kansas quit it, diversified and
greatly increased her farm wealth.
Some years ago she planted only wheat
year after year and produced the big-
gest crop of Populists ever heard of in
this country.

The sale of or the economic use of cer-
tain crops is what the farmers have to
learn to their own best advantage. Mr.
George W. Corbett, of Currie, one of
Fender county's most successful farm-
ers, produces two crops of peanuts on
the same land every year, and he also
produces a crop of corn and peanuts as
company crops on the same land. Long
ago he found out that it didn't pay him
to raise peanuts to sell as a regular
thing, when he could raise them to
make hogs. He plants corn and pen-
nuts and gathers meat at the lowest
imaginable price.

Farmers who grow corn, peanuts,
soy beans, alfalfa, vetch and oats, clo-
ver, millet and other crops can produce
hogs, cattle, sheep and goats, and when
they do it they will keep Wilmington's
proposed packing house and creamery
busy the year round. Meanwhile, cot-
ton, tobacco and peanuts will add to
their farm income, but they will not be
any more money crops than other prod-
ucts which sell for money. All crops
which bring in money and profits are
money crops. Mr. Corbett's best money
crop is corn and peanut fed hogs. It
beats selling either corn or peanuts,
but he can sell either or all three when
it suits him. Otherwise he says at
home and eats.

AMERICA LEADS IN SHIP BUILDING

Republicans who prate so much about
building up an American merchant ma-
rine will have a shock coming to them
when they learn that under the Wilson
administration the United States has
taken the lead of the world in ship-
building. Based upon the statistics of
Lloyd's Register, the great English
shipping authority, the Department of
Commerce has just issued a report on
merchant ship building from 1912 to
1915. It shows that for the first time
in over half a century the United
States is not only building more mer-
chant vessels than any other country,
but the American output of ships for
the year 1915 probably will exceed that
of all the rest of the world combined.
The report says:

"The most complete records of the
world's shipbuilding, uniform for a pe-
riod of years, are those published by
Lloyd's Register, showing merchant
vessels over 100 gross tons launched
each calendar year, not including ves-
sels built for rivers, barges and other
unrigged craft. For this reason
Lloyd's figures are somewhat less than

the government returns for the United
States, the Netherlands, Germany and
other countries with considerable river
and canal navigation. Lloyd's returns
for the calendar years 1912, 1913, 1914,
and 1915 are printed below as the
best measure of the effect of the Eu-
ropean war on merchant shipbuilding,
although changes in the case of the
United States are not attributable to
that cause. The world's output of mer-
chant shipping during the calendar
year 1913 was the largest recorded,
and under normal conditions probably
would not have been fully maintained
for two or three years following. The
returns below for 1914 closed with the
end of July so far as Germany and
Austria are concerned, as those coun-
tries have issued no shipping reports
since the outbreak of the war.

"Late in 1915 and early in 1916 belief
that the European war would last three
years led to an exceptional develop-
ment of shipbuilding by the maritime
powers not actively engaged in war.
In the first six months of 1916, the
United States launched and put into
operation 192 ships of 228,016 gross
tons (each over 100 tons)—more than
the entire year's output for 1914, or
1915. On July 1, 1916, private Ameri-
can shipyards were building or had on
order 385 steel merchant ships of 1-
225,784 gross tons (see Commerce Re-
ports for July 17). The builders' re-
turns indicate that of this tonnage 159
ships of 444,090 gross tons will be
launched before December 31, 1916,
thus indicating a total output by the
United States for the twelve months of
351 steel ships of 672,066 gross tons.
Various causes retard shipbuilding, es-
pecially in times of high pressure, and
the output of steel ship tonnage dur-
ing the current six months of 1916
may fall short of present indications.
Wooden ships, however, not included in
the Bureau of Navigation's monthly re-
turns, will help to make up for the
shortage, as wooden shipbuilding has
revived considerably under the pres-
sure of the times.

Shipbuilders' returns to the Bureau
of Navigation show that the number of
steel merchant vessels under construc-
tion or under contract to be built in
American private shipyards on July 1
was 385 of 1,225,784 gross tons. This
represents an increase from 372 ves-
sels of 1,147,534 gross tons for the pre-
ceding month and from 76 vessels of 310-
089 gross tons on July 1, 1915.

Since the publication of the state-
ment for June 1 the Senate Naval Com-
mittee on June 30 reported the naval
appropriation bill providing the largest
naval building programme in the his-
tory of the United States. The new
battleships, battle cruisers, scout cruis-
ers and other types of warships, and
auxiliaries number 157 of approxi-
mately 855,000 tons displacement, to be
built at an estimated cost of \$588-
000,000. Of these 66 of about 382,000
tons displacement are to be begun as
soon as practicable and the remainder
before July 1, 1919. For purposes of
comparison it may be pointed out that
on June 30, 1914, British shipyards were
building 90 warships of 592,545 tons
displacement, of which 76 of 458,175
tons displacement were building at pri-
vate yards.

This country certainly is rapidly
building a merchant marine, consisting
of all classes of ocean going ships.
Even Wilmington is building four ships
for a New York company of ship en-
gineers and contractors.

BACK TO THE COUNTRY.

Some of the metropolitan editors slur
Secretary Daniels by calling him a
country editor. Of course, that simply
increases the Secretary's pride, because
it serves to emphasize the fact that
when editors of lofty convictions are
needed in the government service the
chances of metropolitan editors are slim.

However, some good, honest metro-
politan editors have a right to be re-
sentful because they are not regarded
as national figures. It is a fact that
most of them acquire skyscraper visi-
ons and themselves limit their broader
national opportunities by becoming
provincial without the scope to see that
beyond their contracted metropolitan
sphere lies practically all of America.

Really it is not Secretary Daniels' fault
that metropolitan editors are a
general thing die without being
thought of for a cabinet position. If
they make Secretary Daniels mad, he
may even refuse to feel sorry for them.

When rail splitters like Lincoln get
to be president and country editors
like Daniels land in the cabinet, it is a
clay that metropolitan editors rarely
ever have been able to do a thing for
themselves but draw their salaries. It
shows that in spite of their brilliancy
they contract a habit of standing in
their own light. Those with higher
aspirations should move to the country.

WANT SALARIES FOR SOLDIERING

Soldiering is not what it is cracked
up to be, as the National Guardsmen
have found out since they have been
on the Mexican border. There is said
to be unrest among the men, but it
is denied that they have been kick-
ing about the grub served to them.
The officers and men state that reports
to that effect are deliberate falsehoods.
The rations are neither poor nor scanty
and mommer" boys are not demanding
things that she used to give them at
home. At first, camp life was novel
to the boys, but they miss the girls
they left behind them and "he looks
at home and "the life" that the young-
sters enjoyed more than they do head-
ing off bandit raids on the border.

There is unrest among the National
Guard, General Bliss reports, but it is
among certain classes who hear from
home that their families are not re-
ceiving their salaries from the em-
ployers who pledged themselves to
keep up their regular clerical salaries
if they would answer the call to the
colors. The employers, it is stated,
get out of it by saying that as there
is no war their promises to confide
paying their salaries are not consid-
ered as binding.

We suspected that salary American-
ism would not last long. It was not
even good advertising for the various
firms which agreed to keep the boys'



YOU men and you women who work
with your heads—this hot weather the
food for you is Uneeda Biscuit.

Eat them for lunch in milk or cream. Then
the afternoons will find you with hunger sat-
isfied, bright, keen, alert, in fine working fettle.

For Uneeda Biscuit are crisp and flaky,
full of nutriment, baked to a turn. They
digest with utmost ease.



NATIONAL BISCUIT
COMPANY

salaries going so long as they served
in the army. The fact is, this coun-
try's soldiers should not depend upon
individuals and firms but upon the
whole country. Men who are used to
fairly good salaries at home won't be
content to be soldiers on soldiers' pay.
The youngsters like joy rides better,
while married men know that their
families need them at home.

A country in which there are ideals
of living and ease and plenty won't
take to militarism very fast. Nothing
less than defense of the country will
appeal to the men who have to do the
fighting in the event that it is for a
nation in peril. Those who have been
persistent advocates of intervention in
Mexico ought to offer their services to
the government, else tell it where to
get men who think they can have fun
in soldiering and intervening.

Interventionists and militarists
ought to be put to work to figure on
the problem of intervention and war.
They can advance their flannel mouth
theories, but they ought to know the
practical part of it when they create
sentiment to the effect that what this
country ought to do is to take some na-
tion by the nape of the neck. They
ought to offer to do it themselves in-
stead of putting it all off on the men
who much prefer to draw salaries.

Sulzer was presented to the Prohibi-
tion national convention as a "states-
man." They didn't dispute it, but
Haley's eminence on the waterwagon
was taken into consideration and con-
sequently he was nominated for presi-
dent. The Hon. Bill never cried but
consoled himself with the thought
that the American party needed a can-
didate for the presidential race. The
presidential "ghair" may look good to
the whole bunch, but if President Wil-
son isn't particular he will let them
go to the White House next March and
see it with him in it.

Sure, they'll predict all sorts of fail-
ure for the Rural Credits act. They
did the same when the Reserve Bank
act was passed. The best way to as-
certain whether a thing is practical or
not is to give it a trial before sentenc-
ing it to failure on mere allegations.
That is quite common with powerful
influences which never have and never
will approve Democratic legislation in
the interest of the people. When ad-
verse prophecies are made, it is a good
rule to wait and see whether they
prove false or not.

This is one of the declarations in
the platform of the Prohibition party:
"Mexico needs not a conqueror but a
Samaritan." It seems that that other
idea that all they've got to do is to
invade Mexico with the waterwagon
in charge of a Samaritan, but he would
immediately get assassinated for call-
ing aquadante by its Gringo name,
John Barleycorn. By George, let
George be the Samaritan.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Numismatists will be delighted that
there are to be new designs on the half
dollars, quarters and dimes issued after
July 1. There has been no change in
the design of these coins in the last
quarter of a century. Secretary Mc-
Adoo says the half-dollar has fallen
practically into disuse. Maybe it has.
In the East. At any rate, he says the
new design has been selected in the
hope of restoring it to current use.
To most persons, probably, the design
of a coin has but little interest. The
coin is a commodity, and the design
will give the coin collectors something
to worry about later on. The new half-
dollar bears on its face the full length
figure of Liberty looking toward the
dawn of a new day. In her hand are
the laurel and oak branches symbolic
of civil and military glory, while back
of her an American flag floats to the
breeze. On the reverse side of the coin
is shown an eagle with extended wings,
seated on a high mountain crag, in a
rift of which a sapling of mountain
pine is growing, a symbol of America—
Commerce and Finance.

The North Wilkesboro Hustler re-
cently made account of the profits on
the alfalfa farm of Mr. D. E. Smoak
in that county. From five cuttings on an
acre and a half field of alfalfa, Mr.
Smoak's profits are calculated at \$207-

90, or \$138.60 an acre, which would be
6 per cent on \$2,310. Mr. Smoak had
recently visited Watauga county and
had there been told of the profit and
small labor attending sheep husbandry
in that county. Nevertheless, he was
inclined to think that his alfalfa patch
beat sheep husbandry a few lengths
and the Wilkesboro paper threw out a
banter to the Watauga Democrat for a
show-down on Watauga county sheep
against Wilkes county alfalfa.

The banter was promptly accepted and the
Democrat told of the experience of one
of the farmers of that county the past
season with a small flock of sheep. It
puts in evidence that Mr. Thomas Grier
of Blowing Rock, from a flock of 18
ewes sold lambs and wool to the
amount of \$550, and still owns the un-
broken flock of 13 mother sheep. "Just
what the ewes would bring on the mar-
ket, we have no idea," says the Demo-
crat, "but the money received for the
clip and lambs would pay the owner 6
per cent interest on an investment of
\$5,823. This is only one instance, show-
ing the immense profit in sheep-raising
in Watauga. Wilkes is to be congrat-
ulated on her alfalfa, but she is taking
in too much territory when she throws
down the gauntlet to the sheep raisers
of the mountains. This is a mighty
good sort of rivalry to encourage
among farmers. If the endeavors
of the agriculturists in the mountain
counties should turn to alfalfa, sheep
and cattle, they would soon be able to
build all the railroads they want with-
out having to put the State for aid of
any kind—Charlotte Observer.

There is every argument to advance
why one of the 12 Federal Land Banks
should be assigned to North Carolina.
And there is argument equally strong
going to show that Raleigh is the prop-
er city in which to locate the bank. A
study of the map and an examination
of financial and loan and population
statistics will demonstrate this effect-
ually. Raleigh has entered with en-
thusiasm into a campaign to bring one
of the Federal Land Banks to North
Carolina, and is ready to submit the
claims of this city as being the logical
and best location in the State for it.
Its people enter into the campaign for
its location with confidence and are go-
ing to do all that is possible to secure
one of the banks. If it happens that
North Carolina is placed in a land bank
district with Virginia and South Caro-
lina it will be a district which has in it
a rural population of 4,700,000. This
State itself stands seventh in rural
population in the "lower" country, of the
Southern States only Texas and Geor-
gia leading it. Raleigh is very nearly
in the center of this great rural popu-
lation, its railroad and mail facilities
being such as to warrant the assertion
that this city is the logical and best
location for one of the banks. Raleigh
asks the support of the other cities and
towns of the State in its effort to se-
cure the bank. As the Capital of the
State, its location in the center of
North Carolina, it feels that it has ad-
vantages which will outweigh those of
any other city in North Carolina. Yet
even with this our people so earnestly
desire that one of the banks be lo-
cated in North Carolina that if it is seen
that some other city has the best
chance for bringing the bank to this
State it will support that other city.
Committees have been appointed by di-
rection of a citizens mass meeting to
press the claims of Raleigh. Those
committees seek the support of all
parts of North Carolina, and the hope
is that the State will get behind this
city and use all possible influence to
have one of the banks located here.—
Raleigh News and Observer.

Unloading the Deutschland.
In Pathe News—"All news and a Reel
Long"—Bijou today. (advertisement.)

Tomorrow Night
is Oceanic Hotel night at Lumina—adv.

Introduction of New Oil in Wilmington

Creates Sensation—Many Thou-
sands Using It With Grat-
ifying Results.

The new oil preparation now being
introduced in this city is almost prov-
ing a revelation. More than 5,000 bot-
tles sold in less than 60 days, under
absolute guarantee to give satisfac-
tion, and not a single bottle has been
returned. Perhaps never in the history
of this city has any remedy accom-
plished so many reported cures and be-
come famous in such a short time as
has Miller's Antiseptic Oil (known as
Snake Oil). For Rheumatism, Neural-
gia, Lumbago, Stiff and Swollen Joints,
Corns, Bunions, or whatever the pain
may be, it is said to be without an
equal. For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sore
Throat, Croup, Diphtheria and Ton-
sillitis, it has been found most effective.
Accept no substitute. This great Oil
is golden red color only. There is noth-
ing like it. Every bottle guaranteed;
25 and 50 cents, or money refunded, by
leading druggists. Hardin's Pharm-
acy.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Good health spells good business.

A Feminine Riot.

SOME years ago on the Metropolitan East Side, where sixty odd
languages are represented, and where are the most overcrowded
blocks of houses in the whole world, there was a riot among the
mothers and the aunts and the grandmothers of the school chil-
dren. Those womenfolk had somehow or other got it into their heads
that the "school doctors" were cutting the throats of their children. Of
course, that was a crazy notion; and yet when a crowd of women as well
as men, get together, any idea, no matter how crazy—is like to set the
whole multitude going to extremes such as no man can foresee. Just what
those school doctors were doing was this: They were examining the
throats of those children, for "adenoids." They did not want those children
to suffer by reason of these unhealthy overgrowths way far back of the
nose and in the roof or vault of the throat. Sometimes these overgrowths
came down so far that they can be seen at the back of the mouth. But
generally to make the diagnosis—that is, to be sure—the adenoids were
there, the doctors had to put a finger up back of the mouth and feel for
those overgrowths.

The consequences of adenoids are: Mouth breathing and narrow-
chestedness and thus poor lung expansion by which the child becomes
starved for oxygen and becomes an easy candidate for consumption; snor-
ing; open mouth; a vacant dull expression of the face; unpleasant, toneless
modifications of a naturally pleasant voice, such as the "nasal twang;"
inability to pronounce certain letters; earache and other ear affections, even
deafness, by shutting up the Eustachian tube, which leads from the
pharynx to the ear and which should always be open; mental deficiency,
making a dunce of a naturally bright child; frequent attacks of coryza
(nasal catarrh); nosebleed; irregular tooth and jaw formation; stunted
growth; convulsions, and a generally nervous condition, so that an ordi-
narily good child is accused of wanton misbehavior or crass perversity.

And those doctors were writing on cards: "Mrs. Schwarz" or "Mrs.
O'Reilly," or "Mrs. Bacigalupo," or "Mrs. Leszinsky," or whatever the
mother's name might be—"your child has adenoids. You should have
this ailment attended to. If you cannot afford to go to the doctor you
should go to the hospital for this." And that brought on the riot; all of
which goes to show how hard a life doctors lead and how much their good
intentions are misunderstood.

THE SIGHT OF SCHOLARS.

G. P. Writes: What precautions
should be taken in schoolrooms to
protect the sight of scholars?

Answer: The walls of the room
should be of a neutral tint and the
light should fall over the pupil's left
shoulders; the latter must not sit
facing the windows. Text books
should be printed in large clear type
on unglazed paper. Faulty posture in
reading or writing must be corrected
at once. If towels are supplied, chil-
dren suffering from an inflammatory
disease of the eyes must not use the
general supply. All defects in vision
are to be reported to the parents, who
should have a competent physician
correct them.

SEWER GAS.

S. B. writes: 1. What is sewer gas?
2. How does breathing it in large
quantities affect the system? 3. How
can sewer gas be prevented from get-
ting into dwellings?

Answer: 1. A mixture of a number
of gases—carbon monoxide, carbon di-
oxide, ammonium and hydrogen sul-
phide—that result from the decomposi-
tion of animal and vegetable matter.
2. Contrary to a rather popular opin-
ion, sewer gas does not itself cause
disease; however, its presence in con-
siderable quantities acts injuriously
by the comparative deprivation of
oxygen (the life giving, the life sus-
taining gas) causing anemia and other
conditions due to deficient oxygena-
tion. 3. Place a trap or water seal
between the house drain and the sewer,
and provide an air inlet pipe into the
drain between the trap and the house.
The ventilator pipe should extend
from the house drain at least two
feet above the roof.

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental
hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of
health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science
will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space
permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests
for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: Adenoids.

20th Century Sanitary

WATER COOLER

None Others Comparable to
Them

Ice Cream Freezers, Ice
Chests, Refrigerators, of the
very best quality made.

Our Assortment Is Complete.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPY

PURCELL BUILDING

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. W. M. Clover, of Fayetteville, is visiting Mrs. H. F. Wilder and Mrs. W. C. Glover.

Miss Eva McKenzie, of Faison, was in the city yesterday. She was registered at The Orton.

Miss Elizabeth Nutt is the guest of Mrs. W. C. Crist of Winston-Salem, who are guests at the Seashore Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Mintz have returned from Clinton, where they have been visiting relatives for some time.

Mrs. John R. Turner and little son, John, Jr., have gone to Clinton, where they will visit relatives for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Nicholson, of Councils; Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Hite, of Kelly, and Miss Ruth Porter, of Kelly, were registered at The Imperial yesterday.

Miss Mamie DeRoset Holt, of Fayetteville, has just returned from a visit to New York and is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. S. White, No. 1815 Market street.

The Eight Week Club of the Young Women's Christian Association will have its regular meeting this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the association building.

Mrs. C. F. Norwood, formerly of Wilmington, but recently of Richmond, Va., accompanied by her two children, Dorothy and Harold, are here on a visit to relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown, of Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hill, of Bladenboro, were among the guests at The Orton yesterday.

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Miss Elizabeth and Fannie Johnson, who have been spending some time in Fayetteville, the guests of their aunt, Miss Hattie Starr, on Hay street, left Saturday morning for their home in Wilmington—Miss Stella Fortson left for Wilmington the first of the week. She will be away for several days."

Miss Maggie E. Branch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Giles Branch, of this city, and Mr. Rolan Boswell, also of this city, were united in marriage last night by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, at 7:30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. Andrew's Presbyterian church. Following the ceremony, the young couple left for Charlotte, where they will take up their residence.

Columbia University, New York, July 26.—More than one hundred North Carolinians attended the reception given to the Tar Heel summer school students at Columbia University Friday evening, July 21, in Whitaker Hall. Old friends and acquaintances were greeted on every hand. There was a constantly forming receiving line, each Tar Heel taking his place as he came to the end of the line. In this manner everybody met everybody else. Labeled with names and home towns introductions were not necessary.

LOCAL DOTS

—A watch fob with knife attached was found yesterday by Constable J. H. Davis on Princess street between Second and Third streets.

—A license was issued yesterday for the marriage of R. B. McCormac, Rowland; E. B. Edna, Winston-Salem; O. W. Jones, Winston-Salem; J. P. Hester, Vineland; D. S. Oakley, Greensboro; J. C. Andrews, Greensboro; D. B. McKee, Councils; J. A. Zebler, Wallace; J. C. Newsom, Sloop Point.

—Among yesterday's arrivals at Hotel Wilmington were: C. A. Farmer, Charlotte; Charlotte; O. J. Stuart, Troy; R. R. Dobson, Charlotte; Francis M. Osborn, Charlotte; Charles Norbert, Winston-Salem; John W. Darden, Plymouth, and S. G. Brown, Troy.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mr. Newton Sidberry, of Hampstead, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

—Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Mr. W. O. Page, of Wilmington, is here."

—Among those registered at The Orton yesterday were Maj. A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton, and Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham.

—Among the guests at The Imperial yesterday were: R. B. McCormac, Rowland; E. B. Edna, Winston-Salem; O. W. Jones, Winston-Salem; J. P. Hester, Vineland; D. S. Oakley, Greensboro; J. C. Andrews, Greensboro; D. B. McKee, Councils; J. A. Zebler, Wallace; J. C. Newsom, Sloop Point.

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LITTLE DAMAGE DONE IN EASTERN SOUTH CAROLINA

Reports indicate there were no serious property losses.

Charleston, S. C., July 26.—Reports received here tonight from point in the territory between the Santee and Pee Dee rivers do not indicate that serious property losses have resulted from the recent floods and while some damage is yet expected in the Santee it is said this would be minimized by weather bureau warnings. It also was said little damage had been done in the coastal section of the Santee, although railroad railmen reported many carcasses of drowned swamp animals, including bears, were floating down the river.

Trains of the Atlantic Coast Line were reported moving almost on schedule time today, and the first passenger train since last Sunday crossed the Atlantic Coast Line trestle over the Santee. The rivers generally are receding.

A Clear Skin is only a part of beauty, but it is a part. Every lady may have it, and easily too. Just apply Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM (Liquid Powder). It freshens and beautifies at once. Heals Sunburn and overcomes Tan. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manufacturing Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Polvogt Company's Store is covered with bargains. It's a clearance sale. (advertisement.)

Wrightsville Beach

Among the recent arrivals at the Hanover Inn are: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Thompson, of Spartanburg; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Rodgers, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. H. Cobb, of Goldsboro.

Dr. Spencer Pitts, of St. Joseph, Mo., has arrived at the Oceanic Hotel after having been seven days on the way. Dr. Pitts was on a train which got into the flooded section of western Carolina. He will spend several weeks at the Oceanic.

A social event of much interest to residents and guests at the Oceanic will be the dance to be given at the Oceanic Hotel at Lumina next Friday evening. All the guests at the hotel are expected to participate and handsome prizes will be awarded the best dancers.

Among the arrivals at the Oceanic hotel yesterday were: Mrs. J. M. Luce, Mobile; W. C. Strober, Washington, D. C.; L. Hillard, Richmond, Va.; Miss Lillian Symons, Savannah; Miss Lucy Southern, Rose Hill; Miss Lucile Brown, Rocky Mount, and W. A. Brown, Rocky Mount.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McPherson, of Lillington, who have been spending some time at the beach, left Wilmington yesterday for their home. They went by automobile. Mrs. McPherson spent several weeks with the family of Capt. W. L. Beery, who are spending the summer at the beach.

Among the arrivals at the Seashore Hotel yesterday were: R. L. Turner, Rocky Mount; W. N. Poindester, Jr., Winston-Salem; Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Brown, Faison; Miss Estelle King, Faison; J. P. Henry, Monticello, Fla.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Reid, and Messrs. Chesnut Woodall and J. C. Woodall, Charlotte.

Young women expecting to spend the week-end at Colesmeas cottage, the summer house of the Y. W. C. A., are requested to make their reservations early in the week. The cottage has been turned away last week, it is stated, because of a lack of room. There are a number of out-of-town guests at the cottage and also a number of young women residing in the city, who spend the night at the cottage.

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Miss Margaret Bennett will leave the latter part of the week for Wrightsville Beach, where she will spend her summer vacation—Mr. Fred D. Williams returned yesterday from Wrightsville Beach, where he has been spending the week-end—Mr. Hunter Smith and small daughter, Mary Churchill, were among the arrivals from the beach yesterday—Miss Margaret Cotton will come again, after a trip to Wrightsville."

Arrangements have been made by a committee of ladies at Wrightsville Beach, to hold a tournament Friday morning at 11 o'clock for the benefit of the flood sufferers in Western Carolina. Tickets for the tournament may be procured at Woodall & Shoard's, Dr. St. John's, book store and Northam's book store. The committee on arrangements has been appointed and is as follows: Mrs. F. L. Huggins, chairman; Mrs. J. Walter Storm, Mrs. W. C. Jarman, Mrs. R. H. Northrop and Miss Bessie Albright.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Miss Minnie Louise Perdue, of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Mabel Harper at her home on East avenue—Mrs. A. M. Spong, Miss Jean Spong and Ernest Spong will leave next week for Wrightsville Beach to spend ten days—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Shuford, and little daughter, Helen and Martha Shuford, left Monday for Wrightsville Beach to spend several weeks—Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bost and little son, Aubrey, of Matthews are spending a few days at Wrightsville Beach—Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Reid and son will leave this morning for Wrightsville Beach."

of the War Between the States and spoke of the many brave deeds of the Confederate soldiers, declaring that no braver men had ever given their lives to a cause than those who followed Lee and Jackson.

Sponsors Are Presented.
Col. W. F. Wood, of Raleigh, auditor of the State of North Carolina, representing the sponsors, matron of honor and maids of honor, spoke eloquently of the tender devotion of the women of the South, declaring that while those of the States were devoted and loyal and sacrificing almost beyond belief that he did not believe that those of the present day were less so.

Those introduced by Colonel Wood included Mrs. F. L. Huggins, of Wilmington, matron of honor of the North Carolina Division; Miss Hannah Townsend, of Red Springs, sponsor for the division; and her maids of honor, Mrs. Annie Johnson, of Red Springs, and Miss Lillian Sanders, of Smithfield, and Misses Irvin Taylor and Margaret Kirkman, sponsors of the High Point Camp. Each of the young ladies was presented with a handsome bouquet of flowers.

Mrs. Eugene Little, of Wadesboro, president of the State Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, was introduced and made a strong appeal in behalf of a memorial which is to be established by the State Chapter at the Stonewall Jackson Training School.

General Metts, who presided at the exercises, was greeted with the "Rebel Yell" as he called the reunion to order and presented Isaac C. Wright, Esq., who had been the pleasant duty of welcoming the visiting veterans. Mr. Wright assured the visitors that Wilmington welcomed them in the same spirit as that of the Sixties and declared that while this city has had the honor of entertaining many conventions this summer, there are none of which she is prouder than that of the veterans. In an eloquent speech Mr. Wright paid high tribute to the gallant followers of Lee and Jackson, declaring that they were moved by a determined spirit of devotion which knew no obstacle. They had in their hearts, the spirit of the crusader, he declared, and gave their whole allegiance to that which they knew to be right. The speaker paid a tender tribute to the women of the South, who had stayed at home and suffered the privations of war without complaining.

Col. H. A. London, who responded to the welcoming address, declared that no words were needed to assure the veterans of their welcome to the city. While he had had but a short time for preparation for his address, he declared that he never hesitated to speak to an audience of Confederate Veterans. He referred to the history of the lower Cape Fear, showing how the men of this section have ever been ready from the days of the Revolutionary War and before to this good day to respond to every call. He reviewed the history

of Red Springs, a member of General Metts' staff, seconded by General Metts, General Julian S. Carr was unanimously elected as honorary State commander emeritus for life. General Carr in an eloquent address expressed his sincere thanks for the great honor that had been conferred upon him, declaring that he had never had a greater honor and never expected a greater one than to have served as State Commander of the North Carolina Division.

General Carr, in seconding Major Hamilton's invitation for the next reunion to be held in Durham, urged the veterans to bring the "old woman." We want you to bring your wives, your daughters and your sweethearts," he declared. "We will see that you have a good time. We want to honor the women, who kept the pot a-billin' and who enabled the men of Lee's army to remain at the front two years longer than they would otherwise have been able to have done."

A Touching Scene.
It was a touching scene when General Carr and his wife, Mrs. Carr, Col. J. H. Thorpe, both of Rocky Mount, both of whom were with Henry Wyatt, who was killed at the battle of Big Bethel. They were accorded a royal welcome by the ladies of the standing, giving rebel yells while the orchestra played Dixie. Wyatt with three other men, of whom General Hicks and Colonel Thorpe were two, had been detailed to jump over the breastworks towards the enemy when he was killed, being the first man in the Confederate army to be killed. Col. George H. Hall, of Red Springs, and Col. W. G. Allen, of Holly Springs, were detailed by General Metts to bring the two gallant Confederates to the stage, repeated calls having been successful in getting them to their feet.

Colonel H. A. London called attention to the fact that Gen. Hicks contributed the \$25,000 with which to purchase the Confederate history of North Carolina, which is now being done by Dr. D. H. Hill, of Raleigh, and a rising vote of thanks was given Rocky Mount's distinguished citizen for his patriotic aid.

Colonel London declared that this would be one history that would tell the truth and spoke highly of Dr. Hill, who was chosen to write it. No braver soldier ever followed Lee and Jackson than General Carr, who was a private in the ranks when he enlisted.

Col. Shakespeare Harris, of Concord, who was a scout for Hampton's Brigade and participated in the battle of Gettysburg, was called for by the audience to read a speech. However, Colonel Harris told of just one incident which shows the caliber of this great Confederate leader. He had gone to Dallas to a reunion, said Colonel Harris, when he met Colonel Harris. Later he saw him giving another man some money and he asked him what he was doing with it. Then Colonel Harris told him that Jim Sloan—that was the man's name—and himself had once been captured by the Yankees while they were drilling in uniform in blue and imprisoned at Hampton Roads. Sloan managed to slip off his handcuffs, climbed down from the place in which they were confined, got a skiff, and later returned and rescued Mr. Harris from the prison, saving them both from being shot.

General Carr declared that Colonel Harris ought to be "hog-tied" and some man allowed to write down the many brave deeds done by him so they may be read and remembered by future generations.

Major W. A. Smith, of Ansonville, another "unreconstructed rebel," who since the War Between the States has always worn the gray he loves so well, moved a vote of thanks to Cape Fear camp and the citizens of Wilmington for the cordial hospitality to the visiting veterans. This was adopted by a rising vote. Col. L. Leon, who had charge of the arrangements for the entertainment of the veterans, was presented and received with applause.

General Carr paid a tender tribute to the late General P. C. Carlton, of Statesville, who died only six weeks ago. General Carr moved that the division express its sorrow and adopt appropriate resolutions, which was adopted unanimously.

The Division expressed approval of the project now being undertaken by the Daughters of the Confederacy to have a Jefferson Davis Highway through the South from Washington similar to the Lincoln highway which has been endorsed by Congress and will extend from Washington to the West.

The Division also went on record as endorsing the fact that Mr. O. R. Smith, of Louisville, be accorded the honor of having been the designer of the Stars and Bars. A thorough investigation of all the circumstances has proven that Captain Smith was the first to suggest this design for a Confederate flag.

Large numbers of Confederate veterans came in yesterday and the actual number of out-of-town visitors registered up to last night was 349. Raleigh declared that 13 veterans under the command of Capt. A. S. Strother, Winston-Salem sent a delegation of 11 veterans, those in the party arriving yesterday being Messrs. J. A. Blum, S. T. Hester, E. T. Hester, J. A. Robeson, O. L. Whit, O. J. Tatham, J. C. Sullivan, William Hauser, George Porter, Boles and William Bennett.

REPORT COMPLETELY CLEARS NAME OF COLONEL BUTLER

Did Nothing to Provoke Harry Spangler, Who Fired Fatal Shots.

San Antonio, Texas, July 26.—The official report made by Colonel J. A. Gaston on the killing of Colonel M. C. Butler, at Alpine, Texas, last week by Harry Spangler, completely clears the name of the late Colonel M. C. Gaston, says that Colonel and Mrs. Butler and Mr. and Mrs. Spangler had gone to the home of a friend who was ill and on their return to the hotel where they

Backache? Rheumatism? Run-down?

Those of us who are past middle age are prone to eat too much meat and in consequence deposit lime-salts in the articular veins and joints. We often suffer from twinges of rheumatism or lumbago, sometimes from gout, swollen hands or feet. There is no longer the slightest need of this, however, as the new prescription, "Anuric," is found to give immediate results as it is many times more potent than lithia, in ridding the impoverished blood of its poisons by way of the kidneys. It can be obtained at almost any drug store, by simply asking for "Anuric" for kidneys or backache. It will overcome such conditions as rheumatism, dropsical swellings, cold extremities, scalding and burning urine and sleeplessness, by constant arising from bed at night.

Upon motion of Col. George H. Hall,



Armour's
Vegetable
Package Foods

"In the good old summer time"—days of joyous outings and air-sharpened appetites—Armour's hundred or more *Vegetable* Package Foods provide many delicious repasts.

Palate-tempting Veal Loaf, substantial Corned Beef, delightfully appetizing sandwiches from Potted and Deviled Ham or Tongue, flavorings of *Vegetable* Ketchup and Chili Sauce—all these and many more are to be had under the Armour Oval Label.

Let Armour prepare the Lunch!

ARMOUR COMPANY
R. F. Campbell, Mgr., Phone 52
Wilmington, N. C.

Look for this sign on your dealer's window

See Your Dealer's Oval Label Display

all lived, it was suggested that every one, as a precaution, should wash their hands. Shortly after this Spangler went to the Butler room and finding apparently one Colonel Butler and Mrs. Spangler there, began to upbraid his wife. Mrs. Butler came out and showed him that she was one of the party. Soon after Spangler took the Colonel and Mrs. Spangler to the ride that ended in their being killed.

TIME FOR VOTE ON STRIKE

OF RAILROAD MEN IS ENDED
New York, July 26.—The time allowed for the vote on the Brotherhoods of Railroad Engineers, Firemen, Conductors and Trainmen in the East on the question of calling a strike for shorter hours and better pay expires today. The official count of the vote will begin here August 1 and will continue until August 5. Officers of the four brotherhoods will assemble here during the remaining days of the week.

Ballots arrived at Brotherhood headquarters here today in big bundles. Brotherhood officials predicted that the vote of all the organizations would be overwhelmingly in favor of authorizing their conference committee to call a strike if the railroad companies refused to grant an eight hour day and time and a half pay for over-time.

CARD OF THANKS.

We take this means of expressing to our many friends our heartfelt thanks and appreciation of the many kindnesses shown us during the recent illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.

P. M. SUTTON and FAMILY.
(advertisement.)

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN 6-ROOM HOUSE

All modern conveniences; one block from car line; 15 minutes walk from business section of city; in good neighborhood. A good value at \$2,500.

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HANSON DRUG CO.
7th and Castle St. Phone 208

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35-39 GARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CROCKETT ARSENIC LITHIA SPRINGS AND BATHS

Opened June 1st.
Cures Nerve Prostration, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic and Skin Troubles and Female Irregularities. Clears and Beautifies the Complexion. Write for Booklet.

W. THOMAS, Manager.
CROCKETT SPRINGS, VA.

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A Standard College for Women
Co-located with Richmond College, founded 1825. Faculty of 17 men and 7 women. Fifteen units for entrance. No preparatory department. New five-story building is beautiful suburban park of 10 acres. Scholarships and bursaries. Safeguarded. Athletics, field sports. Recovery expenses \$500. College opens September 14th. For book of views and a catalogue apply to—
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An old-fashioned southern school dating from 1850. In its long history it has enrolled thousands from the Carolinas and adjoining states. Preparation that opens the way to bigger success in college, business and life. 850 acres in campus, athletic grounds, orchards and farms. Modern school buildings. Steam heat and showers. Library. Active literary societies. Healthful, accessible location near Greensboro. More than a thousand feet above sea level. Same, moral influences.

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An Ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Domestic Science, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college-trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unexcelled health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Electric lights. Excellent table. Good Gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basketball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

MISS MARY OWEN GRAHAM, President. Raleigh, N. C.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

WOULD INCREASE PAY OF TROOPS ON BORDER

They Would Also be Permitted to Vote.

Several Amendments to the Army Bill Agreed Upon in the Senate—Measure is Expected to Be Passed Today.

Washington, July 26.—Increased pay for officers and men of the regular army and National Guard in active service for the Mexican emergency, improved camp conditions to safeguard their health and authorization for them to vote in the field at the coming presidential election were provided in amendments to the Army Appropriation bill agreed to today by the Senate.

By vote of 44 to 13 the Senate also suspended the rules to adopt an amendment changing the age minimum for enlistment in the regular army from 18 to 21 years without the consent of parent or guardian. Under the provision boys under 21 now serving in the army would not be retained in the service unless they filed within 30 days the written consent of their parents or guardians. The amendment was adopted without a roll call.

Senator Reed, of Missouri, offered the amendment which would make the existing provision for increased pay to the army when in service on foreign soil apply also to service on the Mexican border. Under it officers will receive a 10 per cent. and enlisted men a 20 per cent. increase in pay. In adopting it, the Senate also increases the House appropriation for pay from \$1,050,000 to \$1,174,704.

The amendment giving soldiers in the Mexican service authority to vote in the field at the national election passed without opposition. As a safeguard to the health of soldiers an amendment was adopted appropriating \$250,000 for construction of wooden floors and screens in troop tents along the border.

A House appropriation of \$5,000,000 for small arms was approved despite a proposal by the military committee to cut it to \$2,500,000 and the Senate again voted to retain the amendment prohibiting installation of automatic speeding up systems in government works. An amendment to strike out the latter provision was defeated yesterday but was reintroduced by Senator Gallinger. The bill is expected to pass tomorrow.

MR. WILLIAM MERCER DEAD

Aged and Prominent Citizen of Duplin Dies of Paralysis.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Warsaw, N. C., July 26.—Mr. William Mercer, commonly known as "Uncle Billy," one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of the county, died at the home of his nephew, sixteen miles from here, Sunday, and was buried Monday afternoon. He was 76 years of age, was a man of integrity, and had amassed a good amount of property. A stroke of paralysis was the immediate cause of his death. His wife preceded him to the grave a few years ago. He is survived by several nieces and nephews, among them Mr. Calhoun Mercer, with whom he lived.

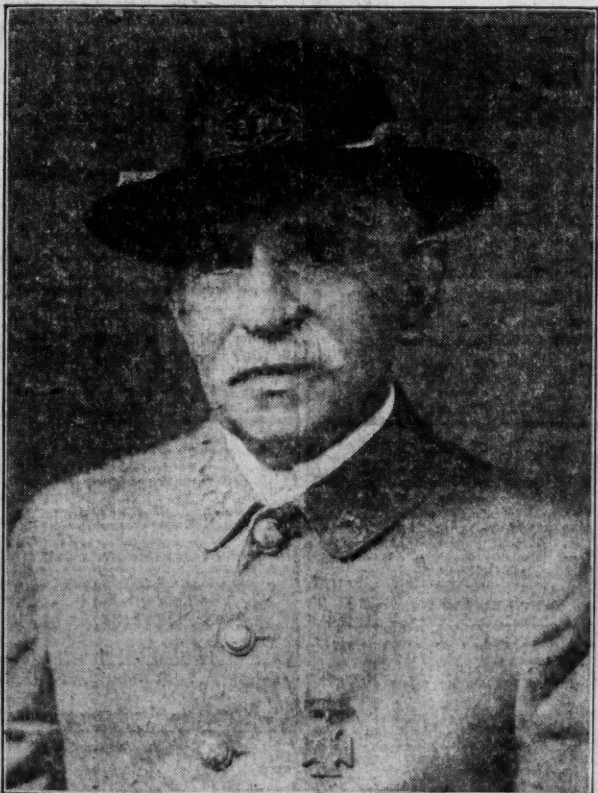
TENDERS RESIGNATION

Representative Hay to Assume Duties of Judge in October.

Washington, July 26.—Representative James Hay, of the seventh Virginia district, a member of the House since 1897 and at present chairman of the Military committee, today tendered his resignation to Governor Stuart and will assume his new duties as a judge of the Federal Court of Claims at the beginning of the October term. The resignation is to take effect September 30 and Mr. Hay will spend several days at his Madison, Va. home before returning to Washington.

Unloading the Deutschland. In Path News—All news and a Reel Long—Bijou today. (Advertisement.)

ARRANGED FOR THE ENTERTAINMENT OF VETERANS.



Col. L. Leon, of Wilmington, who has for years been the popular adjutant of Cape Fear Camp in this city, as chairman of the executive committee, which has had charge of the arrangements for entertaining the veterans of the State reunion, has been the man on the job all the time and the veterans have expressed themselves as highly pleased. Colonel Leon is a member of General Meigs' staff and is the author of a book entitled, "Diary of a Tar Heel Confederate Veteran."

PRESIDENT REPLIES TO A MOTHER'S COMPLAINT

Says Guardsmen Are Not at Border for Purpose of Drilling.

Tells Her the Men Are There to Protect the Country and That the Service They Are Performing is an Honor to Them.

Washington, July 26.—In reply to a complaint from Mrs. Henry Smith of Winamac, Ind., who has a son in the National Guard, President Wilson wrote today that the guard was being kept on Mexican border to protect the country, not for drill and that the service the men were performing was an honor to them and a necessity to the United States.

His letter was made public because many communications similar to that of Mrs. Smith are being received, and to answer criticisms that the men of the National Guard are not being properly cared for. The letter follows: "Your letter of July 23 distresses me a good deal, because it shows that you have not been correctly informed as to the purpose of having the National Guard at the border. It is not for the purpose of drilling, but for the purpose of protecting the country. The service the men are performing there is an honor to them and a necessity to the United States. I cannot believe that the men in the National Guard would wish to be excused from it, or would lose heart because of the discomforts and inconveniences of the service."

"The War Department has the camps on the border under the most careful inspection and is using every means known to make them sanitary and safe against disease. The health record of the men on the border both the regulars and the National Guardsmen is exceptionally good. I would not have you think that I do not sympathize with your distress in the absence of your son, but I beg that you will take these larger matters into consideration."

COTTON WAS DAMAGED IN EASTERN SECTIONS

(Continued From Page One.)

age was done in the valleys and lowlands by the storm and it needs cultivation in regions where rainfall was heavy. Rain is badly needed over northern and western Texas, Eastern Oklahoma and the hill lands of central and Northern Arkansas.

Sweet potatoes are reported to be in a very satisfactory condition in all southeastern states except where flooded by recent rains.

Gardens and truck crops need rain in the southwestern states but are satisfactory in the southeast except where damaged by heavy rain and flood.

Tobacco was badly damaged by rain and wind last week both in North and South Carolina. Plants are well abreast the season in work and growth in Virginia and are promising in Kentucky. In Tennessee cultivation is needed but the growth is reported to be very satisfactory.

Sugar cane improved and peanuts are making good progress.

Forage crops are being planted under favorable conditions in Southern states.

SUBMARINE DEUTSCHLAND IS GIVEN CLEARANCE AND MAY LEAVE AT ANY HOUR

(Continued From Page One.)

off the Deutschland's pier during the last day or so.

A dozen men on the stern of each of the ships, the Highbury and the Ard-lyffe, took turns at using several pairs of marine glasses. At dark, they were still watching the submarine.

Polvog's Clearance Sale continues throughout the month. (Advertisement.)

There is But One Genuine Aspirin

Counterfeits and substitutes may be ineffective, and even harmful. Refuse them. Protect yourself by demanding Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin.

The genuine have "The Bayer Cross" on every package and on every tablet.

"The Bayer Cross—Your Guarantee of Purity"

Pocket Boxes of 12, Bottles of 24 and Bottles of 100

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Office) is a guarantee that the monosodium salt of salicylic acid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

BAYER

CROPS IN EASTERN CAROLINA DAMAGED

(Continued From Page One.)

Daughter left by the afternoon train today for Raleigh to be in attendance at the meeting which is called for the Governor's office. Not a single contribution to this fund was in excess of \$50, and there were but very few of this amount, while the giving for this cause has probably been more general than for any demand ever made upon our people.

WAYNE COUNTY FARMS FLOODED AND RIVERS STILL RISING

Goldsboro, N. C., July 26.—Continued swelling of the Neuse and Little rivers occasion grave concern among farmers in the lowlands of Wayne. Both rivers are several feet above normal and it was reported here this afternoon that one hundred acres of the Charles Lutes' cotton farm was under water. Water is said to be close to the level of bridges in this section, but as yet no fear for their safety is felt.

CROPS OF ALL KINDS IN HOPE SERIOUSLY DAMAGED

Antioch, N. C., July 25.—It has been raining here almost continuously for forty-eight hours with no indications of holding up. Crops of all kinds are seriously damaged, streams are very much swollen and the outlook appears gloomy.

LUMBER RIVER HIGHEST IT HAS BEEN IN EIGHT YEARS

Lumberton, N. C., July 26.—Almost continuous rain fell all forenoon today but very little afternoon. Threatening weather prevails tonight. Lumber River is as high or a little higher than before it began falling last week. The river is now the highest it has been since 1908. All farm work is suspended.

STREAMS EAST OF NEW BERN HAVE OVERFLOWED LOWLANDS

New Bern, N. C., July 26.—The waters in the rivers and creeks east of New Bern and mainly in Carteret county and the lower part of Craven continue to rise rapidly and all of them are out of their banks and the lowlands are being flooded and crops being badly damaged. Newport river, traversing Carteret county, is far above the high water mark. Sloughs of the creek is on a rampage and the feared that the damage will be much greater than at present unless the waters soon begin to fall.

So far the waters of Neuse and Trent rivers around New Bern have but little effect on these. Heavy rains continue falling and these add much to the seriousness of the situation.

MUCH DAMAGE FROM RAINS IN GREENVILLE SECTION.

Greenville, N. C., July 26.—People are not talking about when it began raining, but when will it hold up? It has rained now for a number of days and still it rains. Local streams are full and getting fuller. Water in the river is rising rapidly and is now filling the low grounds. The roads are in a sort of condition to make travel, even afoot, anything but pleasant. In many places they are deep in mud and water. Autos are almost out of commission when it comes to country travel. Crop damage is the talk now. Cotton is getting entirely too much rain. It is running up and shedding badly. Tobacco is in bad fix for curing and some will take a second growth which will be bad for it. Corn is also getting too much rain. Little work is being done.

WATER STANDING IN FIELDS IN ROCKY MOUNT SECTION.

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 26.—Though still within their banks, streams in this section have been swollen by the four inches of rain within as many days. Crops in this section have been the greatest sufferers and water standing in the fields in many places is seriously retarding the cotton, peanut and tobacco crops. The damage from the recent torrential rains to crops is variously estimated at from 5 to 20 per cent. Roads throughout the counties have been badly washed but to date no bridges of importance so far as can be learned, have gone out.

NO DAMAGE IN WASHINGTON SECTION EXCEPT TO CROPS

Washington, N. C., July 26.—From present prospects there is no danger of Pamlico river overflowing its banks at this city, in consequence of the heavy rainfall throughout this section during the past ten days. The river at this city is nearly a mile wide and it would take an immense amount of water to cause an overflow. Reports from Pitt and Edgecombe counties indicate that the Tar river and adjoining creeks are rising but no danger is anticipated. The rainfall throughout this section has been very heavy and the roads leading to this city are in very bad shape. From what can be learned, the damage to crops is no worse than could be expected from so much rain.

CAPE FEAR RIVER CONTINUES RISING AT FAYETTEVILLE

Fayetteville, N. C., July 26.—The Cape Fear river at this point continued rising slowly today, the official stage recorded at 8 o'clock this morning being 34 feet. It has probably reached 36 feet tonight, the stage forecasted yesterday by the Weather Bureau. No damage by the continued rains in this section has been reported except that wrought upon growing crops by the rains that have inundated fields in lowlands. Farm operations have been at a standstill in this section for several days. It is not believed that the rains

that have fallen thus far will cause the Cape Fear to reach such a stage as to effect a large amount of crops in the river valley at some points.

CROPS IN ROWLAND SECTION MUCH DAMAGED BY RAINS.

Rowland, N. C., July 26.—Local rains continue to fall in this section, doing much damage to the crops, especially to cotton. The farmers have been unable to work for some time on account of the continued rains. It is estimated by those well posted as to conditions in this locality that only a half of the normal cotton crop can be expected with favorable weather from now on. As cotton is the principal crop, the loss to this community will be serious.

BRITISH HELD IN ARCTIC

Motorcar Battery Snowbound in Russia All Winter.

(From the New York Times.)

The story of how a British armored motor car battery which is now serving in the Russian army was compelled to winter in the Arctic before reaching Russia, and of the splendid service the command has rendered since it went into action a few weeks ago, is told in The Naval and Military Record of London of June 21. The car recently conferred the Order of St. Ann on the officers of the corps for gallant and meritorious service in the fact of the enemy.

"The unit," says The Record, "which operates a large number of powerful armored cars with complete equipment, with hundreds of officers and men, left England in November last in a number of transports and soon encountered one of the heaviest sales experienced in the seas through which they were voyaging. Eventually they reached the neighborhood of the White Sea, but, the ice having formed, were unable to proceed to Archangel, and thereupon steamed to Alexandrovsk, which, being on the frontage of the Gulf stream, remains an open port all the year round.

"Finding it impossible to proceed to Archangel as intended, the transport, with the armored cars were anchored to the harbor of Alexandrovsk, while the officers and men landed and prepared to spend the winter in the Arctic.

"The school building at Alexandrovsk was utilized as barracks, and here, day by day, from morning until night, the British were drilling and training to keep themselves fit for the work ahead. In addition to this some of the unit did special work in connection with Austrian and German prisoners employed in a new line of railways in this region, and in traveling by reindeer sledge across the Kola Peninsula.

"As soon as the ice melted all rejoined their ships and proceeded to Archangel, whence they have gone to their various spheres of work with the Russian army."

BLACKLEG IN CALVES.

Dr. Ranck Says They Should be Vaccinated to Prevent It.

(From Montgomery, Ala. Advertiser.)
For the highest profits in stock-raising it is necessary to keep the herds and flocks free from disease. In this connection some cattlemen just at this time are protecting their yearling calves from blackleg, which is also known as black quarter or quarter evil. This disease seldom attacks animals over two and one-half years old, and may be easily recognized by the following symptoms:

There is usually a large swelling in either the front or hind leg, involving the entire quarter. This swelling will crackle under pressure, due to the presence of gas generated by the bacteria, which causes the disease. As a rule the swelling does not extend below the knee or hock. If the calf dies without this swelling a post mortem examination will show the blood and muscles to be black and frothy, and a foul odor will be given off, due to the accumulation of gases in the tissues.

"This disease," states Dr. Ranck, "cannot be cured, and when a pasture becomes infected preventive measures must be taken at once. All young animals running on such pastures should be vaccinated against blackleg each spring by the injection of a small pellet of virus under the skin on the side of the neck. These pellets may be bought from the local druggist, and may be used by any farmer. Directions for making the injection are printed on the package.

"Burn all calves down with blackleg, by digging a ditch, filling it with wood, placing the carcass on top, covering all with oil and setting on fire. All young calves are susceptible."

ATTENTION W. L. L.

You are hereby instructed to assemble at your armory this (Thursday) morning at 9:30 o'clock for the purpose of participating in the "Coke and Veterans' parade." The captain especially requests a full attendance of the company. By order of E. P. BAILEY, Captain Commanding.

O. C. FULLYAW, First Sergeant.

ASK FOR and GET

HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU more money.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Unmatchable Values

Attracted Hundreds of Shrewd Shoppers Yesterday

With the opening of the doors on the first day of the July Clearance Sale there was the most spirited buying. Women keen for first choice of the many lots of fine Spring and Summer Merchandise bought more than in previous years. It will take much buying of this character to noticeably affect assortments, which are the largest ever presented in a clearance here. This however does not mean that you can delay coming. Perhaps if you wait too long the very things you want will be gone. Cost and less is the rule in all departments. The Parrot price tickets are the tickets to look for.

Parrot Priced White Goods	Smart Colored Fabrics
32-in. White Galates; makes ideal Skirts, Mid-dies and Wash Suits; at 12½¢	7½¢ and 10¢ Colored Lawns and Crepes; 27 in. wide; at 12½¢
36-in. White Gaberdine Skirting; mercerized finish; at 10¢	40 in. Sheer Colored Voiles; 150 to 180 values; at 12½¢
27-in. Baby Check Dimities; 150 values; at 10¢	40 in. Striped Batiste; all the leading colors; at 10¢
25¢ Fancy Stripe White Voiles; 36 to 40 in. wide; at 10¢	27 in. Bordered Linatres; 180 values; at 10¢
20 and 25¢ White Piques; fine, medium and wide wale; 27-in. wide; at 15¢	50¢ Fancy Striped Imported Voiles; at 25¢
25¢ Plain White Flaxons 15¢	Anderson's 25¢ Shirt Madras; absolutely fast colors; at 15¢
25¢ Plain White Voiles; 36 in. wide; at 12½¢	15¢ Bates' Zephyrs; 32 in. wide; fast colors; at 10¢
25¢ Plain White Voiles; 40 in. wide; at 15¢	15¢ Genuine Rippettes; all the neat stripes; at 9¢
25¢ Plain White Organdy; 36 in. wide; at 10¢	15¢ Flowered Seed Voiles; at 15¢
25¢ Plain White Organdy; 40 in. wide; at 27½¢	15¢ Flowered Batiste; 27 in. wide; at 15¢

Extra Specials From Ready-to-Wear Dep't

Ladies' \$1.00 to \$1.25 Street Dresses; made from flowered Crepes and Lawns; at 40¢	\$5.00 and \$6.00 Palm Beach Coat Suits; at \$3.95
Ladies' Electric House Dresses; with adjustable bands; at 95¢	\$10.00 and \$12.50 Cool Cloth and Summer Tex. Suits; at \$5.95
Ladies' and Misses' \$3.50 White and Colored Summer Dresses; at \$2.69	All Woolen Coat Suits; spring styles; at Half Price
\$5.00 and \$6.00 Voiles, Lingerie and Embroidery Dresses; at \$3.95	All Taffeta and Silk Soire Suits; at Half Price
\$12.50 Net and Lingerie Dresses; at \$5.75	\$15.00 Wool Jersey Suits; at \$8.95
\$15.00 Evening Dresses; all the very newest styles; at \$8.95	\$25.00 Silk Pongee Suits; at \$16.50
\$15.00 and \$20.00 Evening Dresses; smartest Summer creations; at \$12.75	\$18.50 Silk Jersey Suits; at \$12.75
All Taffeta and Crepe de Chine Street Dresses; at Half Price	\$3.00 Stripe Sport Coats; all colors; at \$1.98

Toilet Requisites	Men's and Boys' Clothing
Colgate's, Williams' and Mennen's Talcum; all odors; at 11¢	Men's \$5.00 Genuine Palm Beach Suits; at \$3.95
Madame Cavalier Face Powder 15¢	Men's \$7.50 Genuine Palm Beach Suits; at \$5.95
Madame Cavalier Cream 15¢	Men's \$8.75 to \$10.00 Keep Cool Suits; at \$6.75
Air Float 10¢ can Talcum 15¢	Men's \$12.50 Mohair Suits; at \$8.75
Air Float 5¢ can Talcum 10¢	Boys' Genuine Palm Beach Suits; all sizes; at \$2.95
Armour's 10¢ Violet and Butter-milk Soap; at 6¢	Boys' Imitation Palm Beach Suits; at 98¢
Williams' Shaving Soap; at 4¢	Boys' 50¢ Wash Suits; at 39¢
Sweet Malted Toilet Soap; at 13¢	Boys' 75¢ Wash Suits; at 69¢
Palm Olive Shampoo; at 10¢	Boys' \$1.00 Wash Suits; at 79¢
Palm Olive Vanishing Cream; at 30¢	

Men's and Boys' Furnishings	Men's Straw Hats
Men's 50¢ Dress Shirts; with or without collar; 39¢	1-2 Price
Men's \$1.00 Dress Shirts; with or without collar; at 69¢	Men's 50¢ Straw Hats; at 25¢
Men's 50¢ Summer Underwear; at 38¢	Men's \$1.50 Straw Hats; at 75¢
Men's 25¢ Summer Underwear; at 19¢	Men's \$2.00 Straw Hats; at 1.00
Men's 50¢ Summer Union Suits; at 39¢	Men's \$2.50 Straw Hats; at 1.25
Men's \$1.00 Summer Union Suits; at 69¢	Men's \$3.00 Straw Hats; at 1.50
Men's 50¢ Silk Neckwear; at 38¢	Men's \$5.00 Panama Hats; at \$2.50
Men's 25¢ Silk Neckwear; at 19¢	
Men's 15¢ Wash Neckwear; at 10¢	

Summer Parasols	Summer Foot-wear	Floor Coverings
Ladies' \$1.00 to \$1.50 Fancy Parasols; at 49¢	Women's Low Shoes; assorted styles; values up to \$3.00; at 95¢	55¢ China Mattings; best grade; at 22½¢
Ladies' \$2.00 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 1.69	Women's Newest Style Low Shoes; \$2.00 value; at \$1.49	30¢ China Mattings; at 30¢
Ladies' \$3.00 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 2.29	Women's \$3.00 Low Shoes; at \$2.99	50¢ Matting Rugs; at 30¢
Ladies' \$3.50 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 2.69	Women's \$3.50 Low Shoes; at \$2.99	30¢ Matting Rugs; at 19¢
Ladies' \$4.00 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 2.99	Women's \$4.00 Low Shoes; at \$3.45	9x12 Matting Squares; at \$3.95
Ladies' \$5.00 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 3.95	Men's \$4.00 Low Shoes; at \$3.49	3x12 Willow Grass Squares; at \$6.75
Children's \$1.00 Fancy Silk Parasols; at 60¢	Men's \$3.00 Low Shoes; at \$2.49	72 in. Congoleum; square yard 39¢
	Men's \$2.50 Low Shoes; at \$2.95	72 in. Canvas Back Linoleum; square yard; at 49¢

BELK - WILLIAMS CO.

THEATRICAL

The enchantment of sunny Italy cast its spell over F. Marion Crawford and held him in its thrall. He spent years in this land of Sunshine, of gorgeously painted seas and skies, dreaming of love romances that blossomed in ancient castles, of sorrows and tragedies buried within convent walls.

A wonderful inspiration came to him. He conceived a story of a great love, of a heart-rending separation, and his soul poured forth all its depth of feeling, all its wealth of imagery in "The White Sister." Then was born the greatest work of his master mind.

Viola Allen was captivated by the great dramatic possibilities of this romance. She felt the soul stirring tragedy of the white sister with all her intense nature, and she put her entire heart into the interpretation of the part. How well she succeeded in bringing out all the great human qualities of the play is attested by its wonderful reception on the speaking stage.

Essanay was quick to see and grasp the exceptional opportunity to produce this great work of fiction through the medium of one of the greatest actresses. It used all its artistic and technical mastery of production to immortalize the inspiration of F. Marion Crawford through Viola Allen's genius of interpretation. And it has given to the world the greatest and most stupendous photoplay ever produced.

The Grand today presents a return engagement of this most marvelous photoplay.

At the Bijou Today.

The more you see of the famous "Deutschland" the more you want to see. Wilmington may get an opportunity to see the genuine article if the "Bremen" shows up here, but in the meantime, you want to go to the Bijou again today and see Pathe Weekly, full of the biggest news scenes you have ever seen. Among other great events it shows the unloading of the precious cargo of the submarine

as good as any sermon ever preached. Everyone is familiar with the wonderful poem which was the basis for the original stage drama, and there is no one but will enjoy the film version, enacted by a superb all-star cast of photoplayers.

Acting that is beyond comparison.



JOE RICKSON & OLIVE GOLDEN
IN THE COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS
IN WHICH HE TAKES A
DEATH-DEFYING RISK

a production that is commended by those of every religious faith, with wonderful scenic equipment and gorgeous lighting effects, "The Rosary" is undoubtedly one of the most wonderful screen dramas ever filmed. So great has been the demand for this wonderful feature that the Royal management made three unsuccessful attempts to book this feature before a suitable date was at last found. It has been out more than six months, and now, for the first time, it has been possible to secure it for Wilmington.

This seven-reel spectacle is today's feature at the Royal, and should be seen by every patron of that theatre.

"Where Are My Children?" the first feature film to be exhibited in defiance of the National Board of Censors, was produced by Miss Lois Weber, who also directed "The Dumb Girl of Portici," starring Anna Pavlova. The chief roles are played by Tyrone Power, as a District Attorney; Miss Helen Blume, as Mrs. Walton, wife of the District Attorney; and Miss Rene Rogers, in the role of the girl who was a victim of a surgical operation.

The opening reel shows the portals of eternity and the souls of little children waiting to be born. They go forth to earth in great numbers, and those unwanted are being constantly sent back. The following scenes on earth reveal the unhappiness of such men as Richard Walton, whose wife chooses to remain childless. On the whole, the same opinion are among the characters, and Mrs. Walton takes Mrs. Brandt, one of her friends, to her physician, Dr. Maftt. An unfortunate single girl is also introduced to the picture and she dies as the result of the operation which has been successful in so many other cases.

As a whole the production to compel interest in the sociological prob-



PRETTY GERTRUDE SELBY
In "Getting the Goods on Gertie" L-Ko Comedy, Bijou today.

Deutschland and other events in connection with it, heavy guards surrounding its pier, etc. And there's a bunch of Mexico stuff and some big scenes from the European front, too.

And there's a great L-Ko comedy, "Getting the Goods on Gertie" starring pretty Gertrude Selby and Reggie Morris in the leading roles. But the big feature of the day is a rousing three-reel dramatic feature, "The Committee on Credentials." Now,adays it isn't like it used to be, and when a Universal director yells for "more action" in a scene the actors know he isn't calling for more movements of the eyes and lips. Yes, indeed. They know that he wants real scuffling and that he will keep them rehearsing until he gets it. So "The Committee on Credentials" starring that strong dramatic star, Harry Carey, with Olive Fuller Golden in the support, is one of the thrillingest three-reel dramas of the year. Don't miss it. A great five-reel bill today!

"The Rosary" at the Royal.

"The Rosary," the most wonderful story ever told, is today's attraction at the Royal, a massive seven-reel



KATHLYN WILLIAMS
Starring with Wheeler Oakman in "The Rosary," Seven-Reel Masterdrama at the Royal today.

screen version of this famous poem having been filmed by Selig Polyscope Company, starring among other great stars of the silent drama, Kathryn Williams and Wheeler Oakman.

"The Rosary" is based on the world-famous stage drama of the same name by E. Rose, and is a photoplay that contains a great moral lesson and is

WHITEVILLE RAISES \$105

Promptly Forwards Amount to Flood Committee—Novel Case in Court.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., July 26.—Whiteville was prompt in forwarding a contribution of \$100.25 to the general committee to be placed with the fund for the relief of the flood sufferers and this amount was augmented today by a contribution of \$5.00 from the Signal Light Brotherhood, making the total contribution sent in \$105.25. This sum was secured in a very short while, Mrs. Seth L. Smith, of the Woman's Club, co-operating with Mayor Phillips in raising this amount.

Complaint has been filed in Superior court by Eliza J. Britt, against J. C. and J. H. Britt, in an action brought to set aside a deed and to provide for the allotment of support to the plaintiff. The petition sets out that the plaintiff and the defendant, J. H. Britt, were married on the 16th day of March last and lived together for about three weeks after the marriage, when the defendant abandoned the plaintiff wife without providing for her support and after he had, as alleged in the petition, fraudulently conveyed his personal property, amounting to approximately \$1,000, to his co-defendant, J. C. Britt, and further conveyed by deed on the 15th day of March, the deed having been filed on the day of the marriage, his entire interest in valuable real estate in this county. The case is novel in this county and both litigants are well known. The defendant, J. H. Britt, is a prominent farmer living about three miles above Whiteville and the plaintiff wife is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George C. High. The case will be heard at the August term of court and Messrs. Lewis & Powell and Irvin B. Tucker, Esq., appear for the plaintiff wife.

In the Allied Army.
June Potts, a well known young man of this county, is in service in the Canadian contingent of the Allies' army, according to advices received here, which indicate that he is confident of the success of the Allies and well pleased with his environment. He is the third Columbus county boy to enter the service of the Allies, Paul and Kiffin Rockwell having enlisted more than 18 months ago. The latter, who is an officer in the French aviation corps, has been signally honored for heroic service.

next session of the Annual Conference, which convenes in Durham early in December.

Prof. W. W. Peale, of Trinity College, preached the sermon at the 11 o'clock hour, using as a text, "Prove all things, hold fast to that which is good."

At the afternoon session the conference opened at 3 P. M. with devotional services led by Rev. Walter C. Benson, of Hallsboro. At the request of the presiding elder, Rev. M. T. Plyler, he dressed the conference on "The Perils of the Journey." This was a learned discourse, ably presented and enjoyed by all who were so fortunate as to hear it.

Mr. I. W. Medlin, field secretary of the Epworth League, was given the floor and spoke on the League cause. Mr. H. S. McGirt, of Wilmington, district League secretary, was also given opportunity and spoke on the same cause.

The conference then adjourned to the lawn at the rear of the church where some of Sampson's best watermelons had been prepared for immediate consumption.

Rev. L. S. Massey, editor of the Raleigh Christian Advocate, preached a strong sermon tonight, after which the sacrament of the Lord's supper was observed.

DUPLIN MAN ON TRIAL ON CHARGE OF WIFE POISONING
Sam Stocks on Visit Home; to Return to Kennesawville Today.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Wesaw, N. C., July 26.—A case which aroused much interest was the one tried before Judge W. A. Devin Tuesday in court being held at Kennesawville, wherein Barney Herring, of near Mount Olive, Duplin county, was tried for the alleged poisoning of his wife. All the evidence in the case was taken, and the case given to the jury, who have not yet rendered a verdict.

According to witnesses for the defendant, Mrs. Herring, the plaintiff, complained of suffering with neuralgia on Friday, September 24, 1915, and her husband went to Mount Olive to Dr. W. Tatum, who gave him capsules containing cocaine and other substances, for his wife.

Mr. Herring was suffering with an eruption on his face for which Dr. Tatum gave him four Bi-chloride tablets with which to bathe it.

He ate supper at the home of his mother, and asked his wife to eat there also, but she refused, and went to her home and ate supper.

Herring testified that he gave her the capsules containing the medicine for neuralgia, used two of the tablets in bathing his face, and retired. In a few hours, his wife awoke, saying she was sick. A messenger was dispatched for Dr. J. W. Wilkins, who testified that upon arrival and investigation, he found that the plaintiff had had poison of some kind, but as no analysis was made he could not tell of what kind, and Mrs. Herring testified that she had drank a dipper full of something from a pail which was placed on the back porch by some one whose track was larger than any one belonging on premises, and as this proved to be cow

lem that it presents is especially timely and in the minds of the public at the present time. It is treated with as much delicacy as possible in putting out a topic of this kind, and only those who are ultra-exacting could find anything to complain at. It is for adult audiences only, and no one under 15 will be admitted.



RICHARD C. TRAVERS
Supporting Viola Allen in "The White Sister" at the Grand Today.

FOR AID OF MINISTERIAL STUDENTS AT TRINITY PARK.
Resolution Adopted by Wilmington District Conference.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Clinton, N. C., July 26.—The Wilmington district conference of the M. E. Church, South, was opened at 9 o'clock this morning with devotional services led by Rev. J. C. Whedbee, of Burgaw. The Presiding Elder, Rev. L. E. Thompson, announced the following committee: The Spiritual State of the Church, J. H. Shore, J. Herbert Miller, R. A. Bruton, A. M. Benton and R. P. Ratford; Missions, M. T. Plyler, R. F. Munns, C. N. Phillips, Lindsay Walker and B. L. Daniels; License to Preach, J. H. Shore, C. E. Vale, J. C. Whedbee; Quarterly Conference Records, W. V. McRae, J. Herbert Miller and T. W. Lee; Recommendation to the Annual Conference for Admission and Ordination, M. T. Plyler, J. P. Pate, and B. H. Black.

Reports of pastors from the various churches in the district were made at this time, following which Prof. F. S. Aldridge was given the floor and spoke in behalf of Trinity Park School. Rev. M. T. Plyler presented a resolution making a recommendation to the Annual Conference board of education for an appropriation to be used as a fund to aid worthy ministerial students attending Trinity Park School, which was adopted. Rev. W. V. McRae was instructed by the conference to present the recommendation to the board at the

dip, it was as likely as not to have been that.

Mrs. Herring testified to everyone until her mother, Mrs. Gus Tate, now dead, came, that these were the circumstances. But after a whispered conversation with her mother she said that the defendant, her husband, had poisoned her by giving her poison in a capsule. Messrs. H. L. Stevens and Luther Beasley, were counsel for the defendant, while Solicitor Shaw and Thad Jones, Esq., appeared for the State.

Samuel Stocks has gone to his home to remain until Thursday when he will return to Kennesawville.

SUMMER SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS AT CHAPEL HILL HAVE BEGUN

Chief Justice Clark Begins His Series of Law Lectures.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., July 26.—All class work for the 1916 session of the University Summer school is now over, and examinations have already begun in many of the classes. The State examinations for teachers will be held on Thursday and Friday, after which most of the summer school people will leave for their homes. Many are going to have great difficulty in getting home any time soon, and some will have to wait a considerable time. There are approximately 140 students here who live in the parts of the State in which railroad communication has been cut off, or is considerably delayed.

Chief Justice Walter Clark arrived

from Raleigh yesterday and began his classes in Real Property and Constitutional Law in the summer school today. He was delayed several days, as he was caught by floods in the western part of the State.

Dr. Herman Harrell Horne closed his series of lectures on education yesterday. Sunday night he spoke in Memorial hall on "The Social Gospel," yesterday morning he discussed "The Teachers' Philosophy of Life" and last night his topic was "The Development of American Education." Dr. Horne has received a warm welcome on the Hill as an old Carolina man. He received his degree here in 1895, and lived formally in Clayton, N. C.

The North Carolina Association of Geography Teachers was organized yesterday with the following officers: Prof. Collier Cobb, president; Superintendent I. C. Griffin, of Shelby, first vice president; Miss Hester C. Struthers, of Columbus county, second vice president, and Prof. John E. Smith, secretary and treasurer. Addresses were made before the conference by J. S. Holmes, State forester, and Prof. E. C. Branson.

POLVOGT COMPANY'S SALE.

The C. W. Polvogt Company will continue their annual July Clearance until the end of the month. Very attractive bargains and low prices will continue until the end of the month. Ladies' Ready-to-Wear department offers very low prices on suits, skirts, waists and evening dresses. (Advertisement.)

FORMAL OPENING

Payne Drug Company's

NEW STORE — FIFTH AND RED CROSS STREETS

Friday, July 28th

THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND
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IN SEVEN MARVELOUS ACTS.

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ACTING THAT IS BEYOND COMPARISON—
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THOSE OF EVERY RELIGIOUS FAITH—
WONDERFUL SCENIC EQUIPMENT—
GORGEOUS LIGHTING EFFECTS.

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"It certainly has no equal for la grippe, bad colds, liver and stomach troubles. I firmly believe Black-Draught saved my little girl's life. When she had the measles, they went in on her, but one good dose of Thedford's Black-Draught made them break out, and she has had no more trouble. I shall never be without

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in my home." For constipation, indigestion, headache, dizziness, malaria, chills and fever, biliousness, and all similar ailments, Thedford's Black-Draught has proved itself a safe, reliable, gentle and valuable remedy.

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"All News, and a Reel Long."

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With Gertrude Selby and Reggie Morris.

"Getting the Goods on Gertie"

A Full Reel of Chuckles.

HARRY CAREY

And Olive Fuller Golden, in

"The Committee On Credentials"

One of the Red-Blooded Three-Reel Dramas That You Don't See Every Week. A Punch in Every Scene.

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RICHARD C. TRAVERS

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Miss Allen's Genius Has Made a Living, Thrilling Thing of Life of This Screen Adaptation of the Famous Stage Production.

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Read Star Business Locals.

WILSON FOLLOWS PATH OF WASHINGTON AND LINCOLN

Neutral Rights Asserted and Maintained by the President as Never Before—Are Republicans Willing to Read Harrison and Blaine, Lincoln and Grant Out of Their Party?

(From Address by Martin H. Glynn.)

By opposing what we stand for today, the Republican party opposes what Hamilton stood for a century ago. The founder of the Republican party and the founder of the Democratic party, placing their country's happiness above every other consideration, forgot partisanship and made American neutrality a national creed. We who follow Jefferson stand where Jefferson stood, but we look in vain for a sign from the present leaders of the Republican party to show that they follow where Hamilton led. Where Hamilton counseled moderation they denounce it. Where Hamilton thought only of country they think only of self. Where Hamilton placed patriotism above partisanship they placed partisanship above patriotism. How then do they dare to speak for the great body of American citizens who form the rank and file of the Republican party? Do these leaders believe that their Republicanism is a better Republicanism than Hamilton's, their Americanism a purer Americanism than that of Washington?

Unless statesmanship has fallen into disrepute among Republicans, the men who controlled the Chicago convention cannot read Alexander Hamilton out of the Republican party. Unless I mistake the temper of the American people the Republican bosses can no more lead their adherents away from neutrality for which Washington and Hamilton struggled than they can lead them away from the flag for which Washington and Hamilton fought.

If Washington was right, if Jefferson was right, if Hamilton was right, if Lincoln was right, then the President of the United States is right today; if the Republican leaders are right then Lincoln was wrong and Jefferson was wrong and Hamilton was wrong and Washington was wrong.

The Justification of History.

In all the history of the world there is no other national policy that has justified itself so completely and entirely as the American policy of neutrality and isolation from the quarrels of European powers. Before we declared our neutrality we were embroiled in all the troubles of Great Britain, France and Spain; since then we have had less than three years of war with Europe and 116 years of amity and peace.

Before this declaration every war was a world war; since this declaration nearly every war has been a local war. Before this declaration war was a whirlpool, ever-increasing in area and in its whirl dragging down the nations of the earth; since this declaration war has become a sea of trouble upon which nations embark only from self-will, from self-interest or the necessity of geographical position, of financial obligation or political alliance. Neutrality is the policy which has kept us at peace while Europe has been driving the nails of war through the hands and feet of a crucified humanity.

It has banished conquest from our programme of national greatness and has made us find our destiny at home. It has forced us to build on the brains of our sons and the energy of our daughters rather than upon the tears of conquered women and the blood of conquered men. It has made us seek treasure in our harvests, wealth in our fields by staying our hands from war's blood-stained pot of gold. It has been the flaming sword which forbade us to devastate the Eden of others and compelled us to make an Eden of our own. It has freed us from the paralyzing touch of Europe's balance of power, leaving to Europe the things that are Europe's and preserving for America the independence, the peace and the happiness that now are hers.

As a result of this policy America stands serene and confident, mighty and proud, a temple of peace and liberty in a world aflame, a sanctuary where the lamp of civilization burns clear and strong, a living, breathing monument to the statesmanship of the great Americans who kept it free from the menace of European war.

Wealth has come to us, power has come to us, but better than wealth or power we have maintained for ourselves and for our children a nation dedicated to the ideals of peace rather than to the gospel of selfishness and slaughter. The praises of this policy are not written in the ruins of American homes, not in the wreck of American industries, not in the mourning of American families; they are found in the myriad evidences of prosperity and plenty that make this a contented land. From every whirling spindle in America, from every factory wheel that turns, from every growing thing that breathes its prayer of plenty to the skies, from every quiet school, from every crowded mart, from every peaceful home goes up a song of praise, a psalm of thanksgiving to hymn a nation's tribute to the statesmanship that has brought these things to pass.

Neutral Rights Asserted and Maintained as Never Before. No American who knows the facts can honestly oppose or criticize the policy of neutrality which the present Democratic administration has pursued. Driven from this position, by the logic of our history and the lesson of our prosperity, carriers and defenders rush to the opposite extreme and assert that this policy has not been enforced with sufficient vigor by the present administration.

Standing here with the eyes of the nation upon this convention, with the cold light of reason, the piercing shafts of logic streaming upon all that we may say or do, I declare, with history as my witness and with fact as my proof that the neutral rights of American citizens have never been so vigorously asserted or so successfully maintained as they have been asserted and maintained by the President of the United States during the present war.

America's doctrine of neutrality never meant that this nation must rush headlong into war at the first invasion of neutral rights. Neutrality is not a half-triggered policy that explodes in violence at the first assault. It is a policy that has proved successful because it has always been asserted through force, through diplomacy rather than by an appeal to arms. This

as the President of the United States is trying to do today.

When Jefferson was President. When Jefferson was President England seized hundreds of our ships and Napoleon hundreds more. From 1793 to 1807 historians say England and France together captured sixteen hundred American vessels and sixty millions of dollars' worth of American property. England compelled over two thousand American seamen to serve against their will in the English navy and Napoleon ordered the seizure and confiscation of American ships wherever found. Our shipping rotted at every French and British port, our crews were cast into prison and left to die of abuse and neglect. The British ship Leopard fired upon the American cruiser Chesapeake in American waters, killed and wounded several of our sailors, took three native-born American citizens off the Chesapeake and hanged one of them in Halifax.

But we didn't go to war. Jefferson settled our troubles by negotiation just as the President of the United States is trying to do today.

When Adams was President. When Adams was President France preyed upon our commerce. She extended her seizures, searches and confiscations in the very waters of the United States themselves until she had piled up in our State Department charges of over 2,300 violations of neutrality's law. American ambassadors who sought to adjust these wrongs were refused recognition and openly insulted at the French court. President Adams called Washington out of retirement to head the army, he created the Navy Department and built twelve battleships.

But we didn't go to war. Adams settled our troubles by negotiation just as the President of the United States is trying to do today.

When Washington was President. When Washington was President and "neutrality" first declared, war convulsed Europe, our ships dared not to put out to sea, commerce was paralyzed and business depressed. American passengers and American crews were thrown into prison and deprived of legal rights. Gents, the minister from France, fitted out privateers in our harbors, flouted our officials, and tried to rally this country to the support of France in return for the help France gave us in the Revolutionary war. England and France seized 400 of our ships and confiscated millions of dollars' worth of our property, and up in Quebec Lord Dorchester promised Canadian Indians the pleasure of burning American homes and scalping American citizens.

But we didn't go to war. Washington settled our troubles by negotiation just as the President of the United States is trying to do today.

Are Republicans willing to read Harrison and Blaine, Lincoln and Grant out of their party?

In the face of this record do Republicans realize that when they arraign the policy of the President of the United States today they are in pleasure of criticizing a Democratic President, are they willing to read out of the Republican party the greatest men the Republican party ever had? Are they willing today to shun the Republican party of today condemn what Hamilton did in revolutionary days, what Lincoln did in the Civil War days and what Grant and Blaine and Harrison did yesterday?

In his policy of peaceful negotiations today the President of the United States follows the example set him by the greatest Presidents the Democratic party and the greatest Presidents the Republican party ever gave this nation.

Do the critics of the present administration believe that Lincoln should have risked national disaster by using the sword rather than the pen in settling the Alabama claims? Are they willing to brand Grant as a coward because he kept us at peace with Spain? Yet no incident of the present war shows so gross a violation of our neutral rights as England's action in building a navy to prey upon our commerce, no submarine attack surpasses in horror the butchery of American citizens by that Spanish firing squad in Manila, go when Grant was in the Presidential chair.

In this as in all the other big questions of life the more we understand the past, the better we shall judge the present. Where it took ten years to secure inadequate compensation for the Alabama claim, the present administration has already secured in the case of a single claimant, reparations greater than all the Alabama claims combined. Where, in other administrations during great foreign wars, the American flag was merely an invitation to plunder, today that flag is the best protection of all who desire to be safe upon the seas.

Where Washington vainly pleaded for recognition of our neutral rights, where Jefferson sought in vain to protect our shipping, where Lincoln failed to gain us the freedom of the seas, the man who now sits in the Presidential chair has secured from every warring power, from every under the sun, the formal and definite assurance that the neutral rights of America shall be respected and observed.

We challenge our critics to deny a single fact in the record. Defy them to show a single point at which the helmsman who has safely piloted us through Europe's storm has departed from the course laid down by those who established America's foreign policy.

The Declaration of Independence Commands the Policy of Negotiation.

"To maintain our national honor by peace if we can, by war, we must," is the motto of the President of the United States. But before submitting to the chance and misery of war, true statesmen that he is, he proposes to put the reason and justice of negotiation to the test. If they are as patriotic as they pretend those who censure this policy of negotiation may blush from shame to learn that they ensure the policy pursued by the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

In the document which made us free John Hancock and Benjamin Franklin and Charles Carroll and all the other signers declared (I quote their exact words) they declared they "appealed," they declared they "warned," they declared they "reminded" England of our wrongs before we went to war. Write a postcard today.

Any one can disparage diplomatic procedure, but only men of patience and principle can successfully conduct it.

Just as Rufus King criticized Washington's negotiations with France in the Gent affair, just as the members of John Adams' own cabinet criticized his negotiations which averted war with France, just as Horace Greeley criticized Lincoln; so for personal and political purposes men whose ambitions outrun their sense of justice criticize the negotiations of the president today.

A Policy That Satisfies.

But, say our critics, this policy satisfies no one.

They mean it does not satisfy those who would run a new automobile course, for this nation to pursue, but they forget it does satisfy those who



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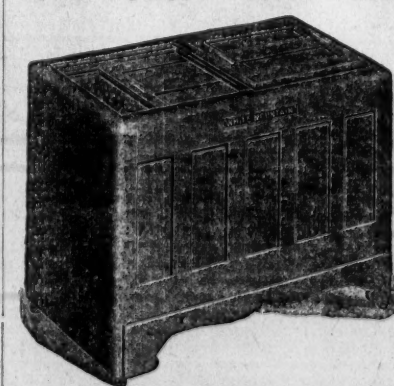
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Located in the most delightful section of Mecklenburg County, Virginia, this famous health resort will, this season, be

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who has had many years' experience in the management of leading hotels in the east and south, will have charge, with a competent staff of heads, cooks and servants. All conditions combine to make Buffalo Lithia Springs the ideal summer resort. Those coming for treatment find in the curative waters a proved remedy for kidney and bladder troubles, while those seeking amusement may indulge in their favorite recreations.

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Save fruit and vegetables that would waste, provide for family and sell at good prices any time.

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has every useful feature, is well built of the best materials, convenient, labor saving, safe and economical. Get our circular—it's a real money saver for you. Write a postcard today.

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WHISPERS ANENT FALL MILLINERY

by
Hester
Winthrop



Large Crown and Tiny Brim, Velvet and Picot Ribbon, Veil Made into a Smart Bow



Latest Shape Velvet Sailor Jet Used as Trimming

Ribbon the Mainstay of Fall Hats—A New Gray Is Smart With Navy—The Puritan Sailor As Demure As It Sounds—Much Feather Trimming In New and Fanciful Forms.

AND now the hats for fall! To be sure, one expects them these days, with the coming of midsummer. Whether or not one cares to don an autumn hat in July or August, it is certainly a comfort to know it is there to be purchased—when the fancy strikes one.

By Its Crown Is The Fall Hat Known.

Crowns are the thing in the new hats for autumn. Paris has evidently resolved to make this season's hat crowns something to remember. The balloon crown is perhaps the most striking. This crown bells up from the hat as though inflated with air (in reality there is a stiffening material, crinoline, or something of the sort, under the velvet or silk that forms the balloon). Caroline Reboux has brought out a very striking model of this type, the hat of changeable green taffeta, with a trimming band of little green wings entirely around the crown. The brim, which tilts coquettishly up at one side and down at the other, is covered with the green taffeta; then comes a straight, sailor-like crown about three inches high, covered with tucked green taffeta. Instead of being flat across the top, this crown bulges (or "bells") up to form the balloon effect, and the band of little green wings is set at the joining line of straight crown and balloon top.

The balloon crown is shown in another guise—a turban called the artist's cap—pictured on today's page. The balloon in this case is draped a little, or rather dented in here and there to suggest drapery; and it is made of biscuit tinted felt over a sustaining stiffening fabric. A smartly tied bow of the felt, with pointed ends, is tucked under the crown in front, above the narrow, mushroom brim of black velvet.

Pontine, The Novelty Fabric For Fall.

Lyons velvet, black, lustrous and silky, is the favored material for draped toques, turbans and crowns, it seems; and of course, Lyons velvet is an exclusive stuff just now, difficult to get in quantity and therefore high-priced; so for the general run of millinery substitutes have had to be resorted to. These include various pile fabrics, plushes, silks and ribbons. An angora cloth with a texture like beaver felt is popular also. Quite new and therefore most interesting is a material called pontine, which does not confine its service to millinery by any means, for it is found in smart motor and sport coats, in collars, scarves and various other details of the costume; but for fall and winter hats this pontine is matchless. On one side the material has a smooth, waxed surface, supple and flexible and very lustrous; the reverse side is velvet, satin or cloth, and the range of colors and color combinations is astonishing. Some exceedingly smart French hats are of pontine in contrasted color effect, the waxed side of the fabric being used in combination with the velvet, or satin side with extremely good effect. A handsome model of this sort, from Leontine, is of black and white pontine, the velvet side in black. This hat is in the high-crowned, drooping brim shape called the Puritan sailor—a very fashionable new shape for autumn. The brim and crown band are of pontine with the black velvet side out; the waxed side is exposed on top of the crown and around the brim goes a band of the white, with lacings of cord at front and back. This hat, a most effective item in a trousseau ordered for early autumn, will accompany a tailored frock of black broadcloth, stitched with rows and rows of white silk in

the new fashion, and having a roll collar and cuffs of white soiree silk.

Velvet Toque with a New Festoon Ornament

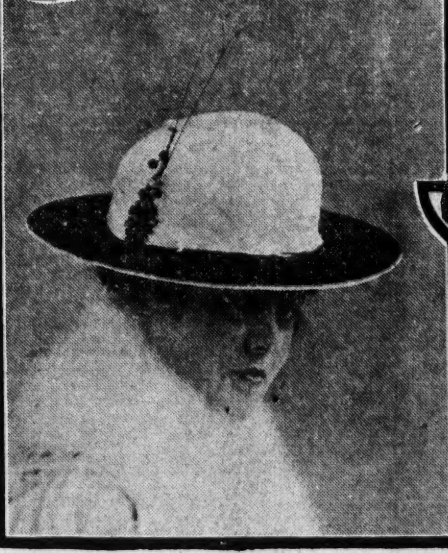
Continental for Fall.

Women who look their best in saucy tricorne shapes will be glad to know these hats are to be very good next season. Some of the most attractive new Paris shapes are continentals—tricornes and bicornes, chiefly with the outline not too pronounced but with that fascinating irregularity that makes the continental so becoming since it may be adjusted to suit the face. From Lewis is a new continental in faille silk; navy and the new soft gray which harmonizes with navy particularly well. The crown and upper brim are of gray faille and the under brim, rising abruptly all around from an inch-wide band, is of navy velvet. The narrow band sets well over the forehead, touching the eyebrows, as most of the new hats are worn. Hair-dressings grow higher and higher, the locks being built on top of the head in big, soft puffs; so hats tilt forward rather than back and hide the forehead almost completely, exposing the waves of coiffure at back and sides. This effect is very pronounced in two of the French hats pictured. One of these hats, from Virot, is of black velvet with a narrow black lace veil draped from the brim and made into a wired bow across the back; the other model, from Talbot, is of black velvet and white coque, with a touch of jet at one side. The Virot hat is striking because of its mammoth crown and the peculiar adjustment of the lace veil. In reality, the hat is not as small as the big crown makes it appear; without the crown, the shape would appear as a broad-brim sailor of average dimensions but of course the large crown throws the brim into insignificance. The low set of the hat on the head, with the eyes peering out from under the deep brim and narrow curtain of lace, gives an effect of mystery that is rather captivating.

A Sailor From Georgetown.

Autumn would scarcely be autumn without a new velvet sailor from Georgetown, and a very stunning one indeed has been photographed for you in connection with this chat about the coming millinery. The pose of this big sailor is very graceful, the brim rising in a curling sweep on one side and swooping down over the eye and cheek on the opposite side. The sailor is made of black velvet and a new note is added in the trimming of jet sequins which overlap each other all around the edge of the brim and form a double cascade at the front of the crown. The neckscarf of snowy white fox fur adds to the suggestion of chic in the pose of this big sailor.

Still another sailor, this one from a Fifth Avenue milliner, shows the new upturned brim in which rests a trimming of hedgehog-like striped ostrich. Though rather stiff and uncompromising in line for any but a youthful wearer, this hat is distinctly smart and predicts a favored mode for fall. The hedge of ostrich is a much sought after trimming and indeed all wings and feather ornaments have a spiky tendency. Across a small toque of black velvet from Louisiana, are poised sharp-pointed swallow's plumes, the thicker ends of the wings overlapping at the center, while the long points sweep outward and upward. As though the pointed effect was not definite enough, a tuft of long, spiky aigrettes rises from the center of the arrangement.



White Coque Black Velvet and a Jet Ornament Give Chic to this New Model

The Popular Artist Tam Crown. Its Biscuit Felt Softness Draped Above a Black Velvet Brim

Metal Ornaments and Ribbons.

Probably because of military influence on millinery, glittering ornaments are in great favor just now. Even ribbons have a pinstripe edge or border in silver or gold thread, and wide black ribbons polka dotted in gold and silver are made into huge pompons which are poised at the side-front of low-crowned velvet sailors. The ornament of metal chains and buttons, shown on a velvet toque, is distinctly military and gives youthful style to the somewhat overly impressive

How to Make the Eyes More Beautiful

YES in themselves, aside from their color and the luster of health, have no beauty. Bereft of their lids and lashes, without the shadows cast over them by the brows, they would be glassy looking balls without charm or expression. Several things make the eyes beautiful; the size of the eyesocket, the shape and length of the lids, the thickness of the eyelids, the height of the cheekbones, the thickness of the lashes and the sweep of the eyebrows. Some of these things we cannot change, whatever our will to do so, but there are many things that can be done to give greater beauty to the eyes.

The first improvement that occurs to the average woman is thicker eyelashes. Few individuals have beautiful lashes. If they are long enough they are apt to be spindling; if thick enough they are apt to be short and scrubby. Health has a decided effect on the lashes which are apt to fall out, as the hair does, if the general health is below par. Weakness of the eyes directly affects the lashes which will never grow and flourish in red-rimmed lids. The constant wear of glasses keeps the eyelashes from growing long, and the woman who has naturally long, curled-up lashes should see to it that her glasses, if glasses she must wear—are so adjusted that they do not interfere with the sweep of her lashes. If there is one vanity that may be forgiven, it is the vanity of darkening pale blond brows and lashes. A face without eyebrows is utterly lacking in expressiveness and when eyebrows are so pale in color that they cannot be seen except on close examination their possessor may surely be pardoned for darkening them a wee bit. The trouble is, that sooner or later, in a hurried or careless moment, the darkening process is too hastily applied

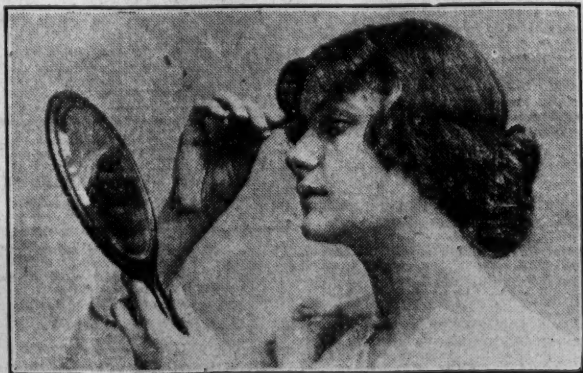
and someone discovers the little artifice. Then alas! "She makes up her eyes," is the whisper that flies about. So if you must touch up brows and lashes in behalf of expression, be very, very careful to do the touching up with utmost care, no matter how hurriedly you are dressing. And always do it in a very strong light.

Burnt cork and glycerine is the

when the hair is decidedly brunette.

If a shadow is desired under the eyes—and there is no doubt that a delicate shadow there does make the eyes look larger and softer—powder a little charcoal and keep it in a small jeweler's box. Buy some of the wrapped paper shading pencils which artists use when drawing with charcoal or crayon, and apply a tiny line of the powdered charcoal with one of these—just beneath the lashes. Then with the fingertip blend the line along the eyelid. This also, should be done in a strong light.

The curve of the eyebrow has much to do with the beauty of the eye.



Eyebrows That Meet Give a Hard, Unfeminine Expression; The Superfluous Hairs May Be Removed With Tweezers.

safest cosmetic to use in this connection. Blacken the cork but do not apply it directly to the eyebrows or you may have a bad smudge to get off. Dip a tiny eyebrow brush in glycerine and then touch it to the burnt cork. With the brush go very delicately over the eyebrows. Some women can use an eyebrow pencil very cleverly; others make bunglesome work of it. In any case, never use a perfectly black pencil; a very dark brown gives a more natural look, even

feminine face a more unpleasant expression than strong, meeting eyebrows; the effect is as masculine in suggestion as down on the upper lip.

If the eyes are not clear, limpid and lustrous, look to your diet. Nothing gives dull, opaque looking eyes like too rich a diet. Pies, pastry and strong coffee all rob the eyes of their beauty in time, if over indulged in. Drink plenty of water if you want clear, bright eyes. Never read in a fading light; or by a light that is flickering or uncertain. Never sit facing the light when reading, writing or sewing and when talking, or playing cards, seat yourself, if possible, so that a lamp will not be directly in front of you all the evening.

Wear glasses while reading, writing or sewing, to save the eyes against that future, dreaded day when "sight glasses" will be necessary. There are "rest" glasses—not necessary for the vision at all, but the greatest help to the eye muscles and nerves. "Rest glasses" keep the eyes from getting tired or strained over fine work, even though the fine print or stitches could be seen perfectly well without the glasses. And these good friends of the eyes also keep the lids from becoming red from overuse of the orbs themselves.

Beware of blazing summer sunlight and sparkling sands if you would not have your eyes fade. Blue eyes should be specially guarded; if the eyes shrink from brilliant sunlight, dark glasses should be worn. These may be discarded after a little, as the eyes become accustomed to the intense light of out-of-doors.

Nothing can be done to make the eyes larger than nature made them; but much can be done to improve their expression. A frank, happy, generous expression of face gives the eyes a lovely look; an envious, resentful, selfish expression gives them a hateful look. Between these two extremes there are many grades of expression. Sit before your mirror sometime and conjure up various expressions on your own face—and note their effect on your eyes. Try looking, happy and pleased, then sulky and discontented; helpful and sympathetic,

then cold and indifferent; generous and open-natured, then mean and suspicious (if you are actress enough to reproduce these feelings in your own face), and I venture to predict that it will be the pleasant expressions that look out of your own eyes thereafter.

Bathe the eyes every night in a solution of boric acid—a teaspoonful to a glass of warm water, to keep them fresh and unweary in expression. And with a fine camelhair brush apply a little vaseline, every night, to the roots of the lashes—above the lashes on the upper lid, and below on the lower lid. This will positively make the lashes grow thicker. Even a week should show an improvement if the treatment is followed regularly.

The last thing, after powdering the face, when dressing, wet a fingertip and draw it over the eyebrows to define their curve and remove all traces of powder.



Eyebrows That Are Unbecomingly Pale May Be Darkened With Burnt Cork and Glycerine.

ENGLAND WILL CONSENT TO ADMISSION OF FOOD

In Areas Occupied by the Armies of the Central Powers.

A Neutral Commission Appointed by President Wilson Would Have Supervision Over Distribution of the Food.

London, July 26.—Great Britain will consent to the admission of food in the areas occupied by the armies of the Central Powers under the supervision of a neutral commission appointed by President Wilson. This will cause surprise in relief circles which have been working hard to procure some form of relief for Poland, as the belief had become general that the negotiations between the Entente Powers and Germany had reached an impasse which offered no hopes of agreement.

The full details of the British offer will be sent to Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador, in the form of a letter for transmission to President Wilson. Therefore they cannot be disclosed until the letter has been received in Washington. But the general nature of the plan as outlined at the British foreign office will give the Wilson commission a chance to work with the support and approval of the Entente powers in provisioning the occupied areas, provided the Austro-Germans take no more native food supplies from these districts.

On account of its cordial relations and semi-official standing in the various belligerent countries it is believed here that President Wilson likely will request the Hoover commission to undertake the work if the proffered plan meets with favor in Germany.

Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the Belgian Relief Commission, is now on his way to Brussels. He will probably proceed to Berlin. Mr. Hoover will be informed of the British offer to extend the relief work and may be able to assist in the negotiations at the German capital.

WIRE TAPPING DETECTIVE MAKES ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE

Subjected to "Snubs" Because of Testimony Against Catholic Priests.

New York, July 26.—"Snubs" to which he and his family had been subjected because of his testimony against Roman Catholic clergymen rather than fear of the result of a second test of his efficiency as a telephone eavesdropper was the reason given in an anonymous statement tonight by Detective John Kennel, chief of the police "wire tapping squad" for his attempt at suicide today by shooting himself. His physicians say there is little hope for his recovery.

Kennel had listened in on the telephone wires of Monsignor John J. Dunn, Chancellor of the Roman Catholic diocese of New York, and Rev. William E. Farrell, who are involved in the charges. Justice Greenbaum permitted Kennel to be subjected to a test of his proficiency in recording telephonic conversation and later pronounced the test a failure. Kennel was to have had another opportunity to prove his proficiency today.

APPEALS TO PEOPLE TO AID HOMELESS AND DESTITUTE

Governor Henderson of Alabama Issues a Proclamation.

Montgomery, Ala., July 26.—Governor Henderson has appealed to the people of Alabama to aid the 26,000 homeless and destitute people in the flooded districts of the state, rendered so by the recent high waters.

The proclamation was issued Wednesday evening and in it he calls attention to the fact that in 12 counties there are 500,000 acres of cultivated land flooded and the entire crops thereon destroyed. The loss in those 12 counties, he says, exceeds \$5,000,000, making the disaster the greatest that has befallen the state in the last half century.

ELEVEN BODIES MAY NOT BE REMOVED IN A WEEK

Gas Continues to Pour Into Tunnel at Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 26.—The bodies of the 11 men entombed in the west-side waterworks tunnel may not be recovered for a week, as a result of investigations today which disclosed that gas continues to pour into the tunnel and that there is great danger of a second explosion wrecking the tunnel and the outer crib.

Gustav A. Van Dusen, superintendent of water works construction who is recovering from the effects of his trip with a rescue party into the tunnel Tuesday, declared in a statement today that a electrical equipment in the crib No. 5 section of the tunnel was responsible for the first explosion.

TO PROTEST AGAINST BRITISH BLACK LIST

(Continued From Page One).

The effect of the prohibition to trade with these firms would be to transfer British business from firms acting in the interest of Germany to firms acting in the interest of the United States.

The rule to prohibit trading with the enemy, either directly or indirectly, and the right of sovereign government to prohibit its subjects from trading with any one—friend or foe—was maintained by the United States, Great Britain is ready to point, in 1807, 1809 and during the Civil War. Furthermore, if the United States government is disposed to challenge the right to issue black lists, it cannot rely, it is argued, upon the support even of Germany in its contentions, as the government of that country already has committed itself to the extreme continental view towards which the British government is making only a small approach.

London, July 26 (10:46 p. m.)—A Stettin dispatch to Reuters says that the German steamer Norderny bound from Sweden for Germany and laden with iron ore, have been sunk north of Aroona. Rugen Island, the captain and three of the crew was drowned.

A DRINK WITH A PURPOSE

Horstford's Acid Phosphate

Agreeable and refreshing, especially in hot weather. It is a remarkable nerve tonic. Buy a bottle.

WILL RENDER DECISION IN APPAM LIBEL CASES

Judge Waddill Makes Announcement in Chambers at Norfolk.

Lawyers Assert An Appeal to United States Supreme Court is Certain Whichever Way the Decision is Made.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—In chambers this afternoon Judge Edmund Waddill, of the United States district court, announced that he would render his final decision Saturday in the Appam libel cases, brought against the German prize ship's commander by the British owners, the Elder Dempster Company, Ltd., of England, and cargo owners. It is understood that the owners are backed by the British government in the legal fight for the final possession of the Appam.

The libels were brought against the Appam following her arrival in Newport News in February of a prize of war, in the hands of a German prize crew. She was declared to have been captured by the German sea raider Albatross, of the coast of Spain, and was sent to Hampton Roads.

The British owners of the ship and cargo contend that the presence of the Appam in a neutral port for longer than 24 hours was illegal, that the ship lost its status as a prize of war and that the craft and cargo should revert to the original owners. They contend that a prize of war cannot refuse in a neutral port.

The German government, contending this position of the libellants, contended that the commander of the Appam, as a prize of war, had a right to enter any port of the United States under the Prussian treaty of 1825 and under international law, to be interned for the remainder of the war, when the prize reverts to the German government.

Judge Waddill did not even intimate the nature of his decision, but whichever way he rules on the case, an appeal to the United States Supreme Court is certain to follow, lawyers interested in the case declared today.

U. S. WARSHIPS ON NEUTRALITY DUTY OFF CAPE HENRY

(Continued on Page Twelve.)

ordered to "exercise on the southern drill grounds in the immediate vicinity of the sea buoy off Cape Henry with aircraft in connection with the destroyers and will temporarily also be engaged in neutrality duty."

Navy Officers Puzzled.

The statement that the mysterious visitor in the roads last night made the signal "English cruiser" puzzled naval officers. The ordinary style of reporting the identity of a warship to a passing vessel or marine lookout would require a formal statement of nationality and name. The Libians would report herself as the "U. S. S. Louisiana" and a British warship ordinarily would say "H. M. S." (his majesty's ship) before giving her name.

Officials were at a loss to account for the purpose of the trip. It was pointed out that the cruiser could have had little hope of obtaining valuable information about the Deutschland in flying night night in the lower bay.

The British embassy had no information on the subject and embassy officials said they doubted that a British commander would undertake such a method of seeking information about the German submarine.

The incident and the detail of the North Carolina to neutrality duty recalls that early in the European war the activities of British and French patrol cruisers off New York caused much concern here. Coastwise ships were stopped within sight of land and their papers looked over. This practice was discontinued on recommendation of the British embassy.

CRUISER AND DESTROYERS NEAR THE BRITISH WARSHIPS

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Almost simultaneously with the clearance of the Deutschland at Baltimore today, the United States armory cruiser North Carolina and two torpedo boat destroyers under orders from Washington to "enforce neutrality" steamed out beyond Cape Henry and took up positions near the English cruisers. They paid an unannounced visit to lower Chesapeake Bay on Monday night. Tonight the three United States ships were keeping near the foreign warship, apparently about 15 miles from shore.

Officials under the direction of both the Navy and Treasury Departments worked tirelessly today in an effort to obtain all the details of the visit of the foreign cruiser to American waters. Reports are understood to have gone forward to both departments during the day. The Navy Department reports supplemented a code message which left the Louisiana within a few hours after the cruiser appeared, while the Treasury Department had received no previous official advice on the case.

Despite rumors that a trading vessel had been mistaken for the cruiser and similar reports, all investigations brought the inquirers back to the original story of the affair as told by officers of the warship Louisiana and the crew of the collier Neptune last night. They had declared unequivocally that they recognized a strange boat that passed them in the capes as an English man-of-war.

Accounts of the incident as given today by men who were aboard the Louisiana are much more complete than the report made public by the Navy Department and more elaborate in detail than the first story which leaked out last night.

Five men, it is understood, including Commander W. W. Phelps, saw the cruiser and her signals from the bridge of the Louisiana. The signals were read by expert signal men who communicated them to the officers. The class of signals used by the cruiser, known as "double blinkers" it was declared today by experts, never are found on any vessel but warships.

Two Miles Inside Capes. In explanation of the failure for the Virginia and Maryland pilot boats to see the cruiser, it was said that both were headed northeast outward to sea when the Louisiana and the Neptune steamed into the capes in the order named. It was perhaps two miles inside the capes that the Louisiana dropped anchor and saw the cruiser, at a distance of about 200 yards, carrying man-of-war lights. As is customary with warships, the Louisiana asked the unidentified vessel her name. Then came back the reply by blinkers.

"English cruiser." The cruiser also asked the identity of the Louisiana and received it. She then passed on up the bay.

Several persons, who were on the Louisiana, including some officers, declared today that they clearly saw the cruiser on the Portsmouth yard were vigorous in their criticism of the cruiser's action. "Deliberate impudence," one of them termed it. Several others declared that the incident showed Norfolk to be an unprotected port which long has been a mooted question and argued for the need of a patrol of important ports in times of peace as well as war.

Under the Navy Department regulations, they declared it would have been impossible for the commandant of the Louisiana to have halted the cruiser except on orders from Washington. If the Louisiana had been on patrol duty, it was said, she could have halted the vessel.

Conceding that the cruiser violated no international law, officers insisted that she straiten her privileges to the utmost. A foreign warship is permitted to use neutral waters, according to international law, only on account of stress of weather, need of supplies or for a friendly visit. In case of a friendly visit it is the custom for the ambassador of the ship's country to notify the neutral government of her desire to enter.

Rumors that the Brazilian steamer Tabagay had been mistaken for the cruiser by Louisiana officers caused investigation by official and unofficial sources today and proved to be unfounded. The Tabagay is a one-tundred vessel not more than half the length of the English cruiser now off the capes.

WAR CAUSES DESTITUTION. Sufferers Increase, Reports to Jewish Committee Show.

(From the New York Times.)

Stories of conditions existing in the Eastern war zone, now the scene of fierce fighting, are told by non-combatants in reports received by the Joint Distribution Committee of Funds for the Jewish War Sufferers. A report received from the victims of bread, sugar and other necessities in Poland, it is reported shows that up to February 5, 1916, 183,183 rubles had been distributed through the 302 agencies of Russia and Southern Siberia. The Galician Jews were helped to the extent of 255,400 rubles, of which 100,000 were for medical and sanitary assistance.

There are now registered with the committee 135,596 Jewish refugees, 25,000 more than were on the register last November.

The provinces of the interior—as the report describes it, "in the rear"—have a total of 74,073 refugees. The cost of the food ration supplied is 20 kopeks per head a day. A typical food ration is the one supplied by the committee of Astrakhan, which consists of a quarter of a pound of kosher meat, one and a half pounds of bread, two pounds of sugar, a quarter of a pound of potatoes and one-eighth of a pound of cereal. The housing problem is a serious one.

Another report received from Hilscomite fur Polen, which manages the relief money from the United States in the territories occupied by Germany. It shows that up to May it has expended 2,480,595 marks, distributed among 252 cities and districts in Poland. It counts various kitchens and has also to assist hospitals because of the spread of epidemics.

The report says that the Jewish communities as well as all charitable institutions in "occupied territories" are becoming exhausted and that the few remaining families are unable to contribute, as credit is exhausted. Small traders and merchants are rapidly falling into the condition of absolute poverty. The mortality rate is also growing through the lack of sanitary arrangements. In Warsaw the monthly rate was, when the report was made, more than 35 a thousand.

BRITISH DRIVE IS AT A STANDSTILL

(Continued From Page One).

The Turks in their retreat were able to take away in the face of the rapid Russian advance the guns and stores in Erzerum.

The German admiralty asserts that a German submarine twice torpedoed a British dreadnaught off the Orkney Islands, Scotland, July 20, but the British admiralty says the vessel attacked was a small auxiliary, and that it was not hit.

Lansing, Mich., July 26.—Probate Judge Henry M. Gardner, star witness in a case proceeding to disbar James H. Thompson, prominent Lansing attorney, for alleged irregularity in inheritance matters, ended his life this morning by jumping into the Grand river. His body was recovered this afternoon.

London, July 26.—A report that prolonged firing was heard coming from the Gulf of Bothnia Monday was printed in a Stockholm newspaper today. No details were given, however.

BUSINESS LOCALS ONE CENT PER WORD CASH WITH ORDER

Unless Advertiser Has a Regular Account

NO AD. TAKEN FOR LESS THAN 25 CENTS

FOR STAR BUSINESS LOCALS 'PHONE 51

And a Western Union Messenger Will Call for Your Advertisement Without Extra Cost to You.

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SPECIAL 25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

Allowed on Business Locals Ordered for Seven Consecutive Issues or Longer.

Contract Ads. Running "Till Forbid" Must Be Discontinued by Written Order.

LOST — ROUND SHAPED BROOCH, set with pearls; diamond center or pearl sunburst, on Walnut street, between Third and Fourth, or on Fourth between Walnut and Red Cross, Wednesday afternoon. Reward for return to 408 North Fourth street. 'Phone 1718. jy27-3t

VERY DESIRABLE BED ROOM, ALL conveniences, for rent in Grand Theatre building. Apply to D. R. Foster & Co., the Agents. jy23-3t

WANTED — TWO YOUNG MEN WANT by the first of August room with private bath. Address "Box 1123." City. jy26-2t

FOR SALE — FRESH GUERNSEY cow. Capacity, 3½ gallons; 11-12 lbs. butter daily. M. H. Richardson, Monroe, N. C. jy26-7t

SPRING LAMBS, 20 CENTS; SPRING chickens, 20 cents; extra large spring chickens just received, 25, 30 and 35 cents each, dressed or alive. Very best of beef and pork; all kinds of vegetables. Peaches, 30 cents a quart basket. 'Phone 12. Watson's Meat Market; 115 Market st. jy26-1t

PALM BEACH AND COOL CLOTH suits, cleaned and pressed, 50c. Guaranteed not to shrink. Suits pressed, 25c. Enterprise Pressing Club, 114½ Princess st. 'Phone 717. jy26-2t

WANTED — TO BUY FLAT TOP office desk; also typewriter desk. Must be in good condition and cheap. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. jy26-2t

YOU CAN SAVE TIME AND MONEY, work and worry, by calling or 'phone May's Delicatessen. We always try to have it ready for you. We also have a full line of staple and fancy groceries. Prices and quality can't be beat. Quick delivery. 'Phone 1322; No. 24 N. Front st. jy26-7t

WE GOT IT! WHAT! A \$500.00 COLUMBIA Grafonola for \$25.00. How is that for a bargain? 'Phone 862 and make call. The Grafonola is one-tenth of the cost of the original. Queen City Cycle Co., 209 Market st. jy21-1t

DON'T GO THROUGH LIFE ON A small salary. See Leon L. Motte, 195 Church street. 'Phone 737-W. Court stenographer and short-hand teacher, and let him qualify you for one of the many positions now demanding good stenographers. Day and night classes. jy20-7t

EXPERT REPAIRING AND REFINISHING of furniture. Old furniture made to look good as new; also packing and moving. W. W. Summers, 110 S. Front; 'Phone 374. jy20-7t

NOTICE — TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC, that we have the most complete line of leather suit cases and hand bags; also trunks, in the city, at E. Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front st.; 'Phone 632. my10-1t

"SERVICE FIRST"—FINE COMMERCIAL and job printing. Multigraph facsimile typewritten letters; direct mail campaigns. "Let Harris print it." Harris Typewriting & Adv. Co. fel7-ths, tu-tf

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY DWELLING, seven rooms, with all modern conveniences; 313 Grace street. Possession given at once. Apply W. C. Peterson, 'Phone 208-J. jy16-1t

AN OPPORTUNITY — ALL WHO WISH to learn shorthand and typewriting have an opportunity now to be taught by an experienced writer and teacher of shorthand. Day and night classes. Terms reasonable. Leon L. Motte, Court Stenographer, 195 Church st. 'Phone 737-W. jy23-7t

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 95x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters, and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh 23-tf

LOST — BUNCH OF KEYS WITH WILLIAMSON Savings and Trust Company's key ring, No. 360, attached. Return to Star office and receive reward. jy27-1t

WANTED — A STENOGRAPHER — Small pay to begin. Good opportunity. Address "H. R. M." care Star. jy27-1t

FOR RENT — 316 NORTH FOURTH street, 8 rooms in good order; good lot; house can be arranged for two families; \$32.50 per month. M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-4t

WANTED — POSITION AS CHAUFFEUR; two years' experience in garage; will keep car in repair. References. Address "Chauffeur," care Star. jy27-1t

FRUIT JARS, 60c. DOZEN; ICE chests, \$6.50; large clothes baskets, 50c; fine lot of cantaloupes and watermelons; 5 lb. can Hygeia coffee, \$1.25, at C. H. Bornemann's, 'Phone 853. jy27-1t

PALM BEACH AND COOL CLOTH suits cleaned and pressed, 35 cents; suits pressed, 25c.; work guaranteed; try us. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street; 'Phone 393-J. jy27-1t

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED BED room; reasonable rates; use of 'phone and bath; 102 Red Cross street; 'phone 1055-W. jy27-6t

ATTENTION ODD FELLOWS — SPECIAL meeting Campbell Encampment called for tonight will be postponed. Grand Patriarch Bagwell wires he cannot be with us. J. E. Wood. jy27-1t

TYPEWRITER DESK WANTED — Must be in good condition, preferably with drawers on one side. Address "Desk," care Star, stating price and where can be seen. jy27-1t

NEW WAY MARKET — THURSDAY bargains, 1,000 baskets fancy white and black grapes, special price 21 cents; 5,000 dozen lemons, 2 dozen 25 cents; 500 baskets fancy Elberta peaches, the best ever, 35 cents; pork chops, 10c; lamb roast, 20c. All meats protected from flies and dust. 'Phones 818 and 817. jy27-1t

DON'T YOU WANT MORE FLOOR space for your business? The Garrell Building can offer you a large store with connecting show rooms and warehouse. F. A. Lord, agent. jy27-1t

FOR SALE — THE BEST ESTABLISHED merchandise brokerage business in western North Carolina; owner will take some stock if requested; established seven years; reason for selling can be satisfactorily explained. Address P. O. Box 1043, Charlotte, N. C. jy27-5t

WANTED — FIRST CLASS FOREMAN with four or five good workmen, to lay 150,000 common brick. Ready to begin work August 1st. 'Phone 10 or write Oscar High, Whiteville, N. C. jy27-2t

HORSE FOR SALE — GENTLE AND suitable for any kind of work. Will accept a reasonable price. Can be seen at B. May's Delicatessen, 24 N. Front st. jy23-3t

EVERYBODY WALKS, WITH EASE, after using E-Z Feet, for all your foot troubles. At all Drug Stores; 15 cents. jy11-1t

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, modern conveniences; 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. jy25-1t

FOR SALE — PACKARD, 2-35 SEVEN-passenger touring car; practically perfect condition; new tires; used very little. Bargain at price asked. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. jy25-3t

FRIENDS OF H. STEIN WILL BE glad to know that he is on the job again at No. 8 South Second street, where only expert work is done. Radiators, fenders and mufflers repaired. Radiator Hospital. jy15-1t

REWARD — \$5.00 REWARD WILL BE paid for evidence sufficient to convict party or parties who cut the top off and destroyed a valuable tree ("Tilla erine Bush") in my yard, next to E. V. McKenzie's line fence. J. T. Gordon. jy 14-tf

DID YOU READ "THREE WEEKS," by Eleanor Glynn? You should read her latest one: "The Career of Katharine Bush," now running in the Cosmopolitan Magazine. 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. my24-tf

RING IT UP IF YOUR OLD MACHINE needs repairing. I can save you worry and money. I also have some extra good bargains in second hand sewing machines. All work guaranteed. J. M. Watson, agent, Singer Sewing Machine Co. jy 4-tu-thu-sa-tf

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WANTED — PRINCIPAL FOR THREE-teacher school. Address Chas. A. Jones, Kelly, N. C. jy26-2t

WANTED TO RENT—AN EXCELLENT home, well located, August 1st or October 1st. Address "Renter," care Star. jy23-1t

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 7-3 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-1t

DELIGHTFULLY COOL, LARGE BED-room in private residence for rent; southwest exposure; within block of boarding houses and cafe. Address "Attractive," care Star, or 'phone 1126-W. jy 8-tf

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SODA FOUNTAINS — GIVE US YOUR order for gas drums. We are agents for Liquid Carbonic Company; best gas made. 'Phone 323. Bear Produce & Mds. Co. jy20-7t

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